



SHERRI R. CARTER
District Court Executive and
Clerk of Court

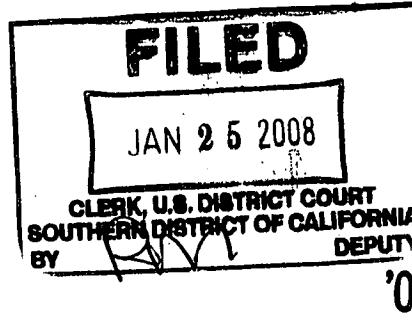
January 24, 2008

Clerk, United States District Court
Southern District of California
940 Front Street, Suite 4290
San Diego, CA 92101

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION
312 North Spring Street, Room G-8
Los Angeles, CA 90012
Tel: (213) 894-3535

SOUTHERN DIVISION
411 West Fourth Street, Suite 1053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516
(714) 338-4750

EASTERN DIVISION
3470 Twelfth Street, Room 134
Riverside, CA 92501
(951) 328-4450



'08 CV 0163 JAH LSP

Re: Transfer of our Civil Case No. EDCV08-00016 FMC (FFM)

Case Title: Michael Anthony Yancy -v- Guillermmina Hall, Warden

Dear Sir/Madam:

An order having been made transferring the above-numbered case to your district, we are transmitting ~~herewith our entire original file in the action~~, together with certified copies of the order and the docket. Please acknowledge receipt of same and indicate below the case number you have assigned to this matter on the enclosed copy of this letter and return it to our office. Thank you for your cooperation.

*NOTE: ELECTRONIC CASE FILING SYSTEM, CM/ECF. PLEASE BE ADVISED YOU MAY ACCESS THIS DATABASE.

OUR WEB SITE IS: <http://ecf.cacd.uscourts.gov> Very truly yours,

PLEASE USE YOUR COURT'S PACER ACCOUNT
AND PASSWORD TO ACCESS THIS DOCUMENT.

SHERRI R. CARTER
Clerk, U.S. District Court

By M. RAMIREZ 213-894-1587

Deputy Clerk

2234	✓	1983
FILING FEE PAID		
Yes	No	✓
I/P MOTION FILED		
Yes	No	✓
COPIES SENT TO		
Court	✓	ProSe

cc: All counsel of record

=====

TO BE COMPLETED BY RECEIVING DISTRICT

Receipt is acknowledged of the documents described herein and we have assigned this matter case number CV: RECEIVED IN INTAKE.

JAN 25 2008

Clerk, U.S. District Court

By _____
Deputy Clerk

FILED CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
JAN 18 2008
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION

Priority
Send
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Closed
JS-5/JS-6
JS-2/JS-3
Scan Only

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY,

Petitioner,

v.

GUILLERMINA HALL, WARDEN,

Respondent.

No. EDCV 08-16 FMC (FFM)

ORDER TRANSFERRING ACTION
TO UNITED STATES DISTRICT
COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN
DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Petitioner lodged for filing a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in State Custody herein on January 8, 2008. It appears from the face of the Petition that petitioner is challenging a conviction sustained in the Superior Court of California for San Diego County, which is located within the Southern District of California. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 84(d).

A petition for writ of habeas corpus may be filed in the United States District Court of either the judicial district in which the petitioner is presently confined or the judicial district in which the petitioner was convicted and sentenced. *See* U.S.C. § 2241(d). Petitioner presently is confined at the California Rehabilitation Center in Norco, which is located in Riverside County and thus within the jurisdictional boundaries of this District (i.e., the Central District of California). *See* 28 U.S.C. § 84(c). Accordingly, jurisdiction exists in both the Southern and Central Districts.

When a habeas petitioner is challenging his underlying conviction or sentence, the district court for the district in which the petitioner was convicted and sentenced is a more convenient forum because of the accessibility of evidence, records and witnesses. Thus, it generally is the practice of the district courts in California to transfer habeas actions questioning state convictions/sentences to the district in which the petitioner was convicted and sentenced. Although two districts have jurisdiction to entertain the instant petition, any and all records, witnesses and evidence necessary for the resolution of petitioner's contentions are more readily available in San Diego County. See *Laue v. Nelson*, 279 F. Supp. 265, 266 (N.D. Cal. 1968). Therefore, in furtherance of the interest of justice,

IT IS SO ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court transfer this matter to the United States District Court for the Southern District of California. See 28 U.S.C. § 2241(d).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court serve a copy of this Order upon petitioner and upon the California Attorney General.

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DATED: Jan 16, 2008

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Presented by:

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F.F.M.

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FREDERICK F. MUMM
United States Magistrate Judge

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FLORENCE-MARIE COOPER
United States District Judge

I hereby attest and certify on 1-24-08
that the foregoing document is a full, true
and correct copy of the original on file in
my office, and in my legal custody.

CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Marilyn Remey
DEPUTY CLERK



194, CLOSED

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
(Eastern Division - Riverside)
CIVIL DOCKET FOR CASE #: 5:08-cv-00016-FMC-FFM**

Michael Yancy v. Gullermina Hall et al
Assigned to: Judge Florence-Marie Cooper
Referred to: Magistrate Judge Frederick F. Mumm
Cause: 28:2254 Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (State)

Date Filed: 01/08/2008
Date Terminated: 01/18/2008
Jury Demand: None
Nature of Suit: 530 Habeas Corpus (General)
Jurisdiction: Federal Question

Petitioner

Michael Anthony Yancy

represented by **Michael Anthony Yancy**
CDC H-11683
California Rehabilitation Center
302-23 Low
Norco, CA 92860
PRO SE

V.

Respondent

Gullermina Hall
Warden

Respondent

The People of the State of California
the real party of interest

I hereby attest and certify on 1-24-08
that the foregoing document is a full, true
and correct copy of the original on file in
my office, and in my legal custody.

CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
Harlen Larmen
DEPUTY CLERK



1129

Date Filed	#	Docket Text
01/08/2008	1	PETITION for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person In State Custody (28:2254). Case assigned to Judge Florence-Marie Cooper and referred to Magistrate Judge Frederick F Mumm. (Filing fee due), filed by petitioner Michael Anthony Yancy. (Attachments: Petition (1) Exhibit A# <u>2</u> Exhibit B# <u>3</u> Exhibit C# <u>4</u> Exhibit D# <u>5</u> Exhibit E# <u>6</u> Exhibit F# <u>7</u> Exhibit G# <u>8</u> Proof of Service/Letters) (9)(gg) Additional attachment(s) added on 1/11/2008 (gg,). Modified on 1/11/2008 (gg,) The voluminous document (Petition) can be viewed in the Records Department. (Entered: 01/11/2008)
01/08/2008	2	NOTICE OF REFERENCE TO A U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE. Pursuant to the provisions of the Local Rules, the within action has been assigned to the calendar of Judge Florence-Marie Cooper and referred to

		Magistrate Judge Frederick F Mumm to consider preliminary matters and conduct all further matters as appropriate. The Court must be notified within 15 days of any change of address. (gg) (Entered: 01/11/2008)
01/08/2008	<u>3</u>	MOTION for Appointment of Counsel and Supporting Declaration, filed by petitioner Michael Anthony Yancy. (gg) (Entered: 01/11/2008)
01/18/2008	<u>4</u>	ORDER by Judge Florence-Marie Cooper transferring case to United States District Court for the Southern District of California. Certified copy of the transfer order and docket sheet sent. (MD JS-6. Case Terminated.) (Attachments: # <u>1</u> Transmittal Letter) (mr) (Entered: 01/24/2008)
01/24/2008		TRANSMITTAL of documents - certified copy of the order and the docket sheet to USDC Southern District of California. (mr) (Entered: 01/24/2008)

PACER Service Center			
Transaction Receipt			
01/24/2008 09:26:51			
PACER Login:	us3877	Client Code:	
Description:	Docket Report	Search Criteria:	5:08-cv-00016-FMC-FFM
Billable Pages:	1	Cost:	0.08

Case 5:08-cv-0016-FMC-FFM Document 1-11 Filed 01/08/2008 Page 1 of 1

Michael Yancy H-11683

1 California Rehabilitation Center
 2 302-23 Low
 3 NORCO, CA 92860

ORIGINAL

LODGED

2008 JAN -7 PM 12:42

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT,
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIF.
RIVERSIDEUNITED DISTRICT DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ED CV 08 - 00016

2008 JAN -8 PM 1:58
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT,
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIF.
RIVERSIDE
FMC

(FFM)

FILED

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY
 Petitioner
 VS,

GUILLERMINA HALL, WARDEN
 RESPONDENT

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF
 CALIFORNIA,
 THE REAL PARTY OF INTREST

CASE NO.

PETITION FOR WRIT OF
 HABEAS CORPUS

28 USCA 2254

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See Doc

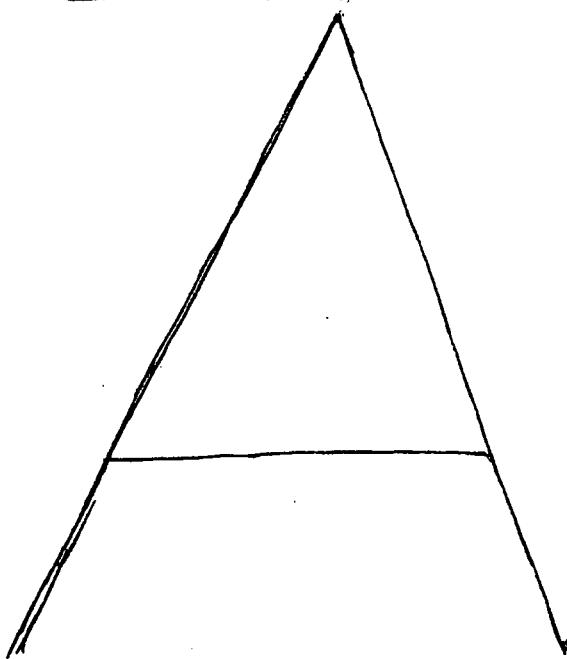
PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY
 H-11683 302 46 LOW
 CALIFORNIA REHAB CENTER
 NORCO, CALIFORNIA, 92860 0991
 IN PROPRIA PERSONA

**VOLUMINOUS PLEADING
 (FILED SEPARATELY)**

61

EXIBITS



COMPLAINT / INFORMATION

CASE # CD175327

PG's 5

IN CUSTODY

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
CENTRAL DIVISION**

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	Plaintiff,
v.	
MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, <i>dob 02/07/59, Booking No 03123297A;</i>	Defendant

CT No. CD175327
DA No. AAZ089

COMPLAINT-FELONY

INFORMATION

Date: _____

CHARGE SUMMARY

Count	Charge	Issue Type	Sentence Range	Special Allegations	Allegation Effect
1	PC245(a)(1) YANCY, MICHAEL ANTHONY	Felony	2-3-4	PC1192.7(c)(23)	Serious
2	PC422 YANCY, MICHAEL ANTHONY	Felony	16-2-3/ 10,000	PC12022(b)(1)	+1 Yr
3	PC236\237(a) YANCY, MICHAEL ANTHONY	Felony	16-2-3	PC12022(b)(1)	+1 Yr
4	PC12316(b)(1) YANCY, MICHAEL ANTHONY	Felony	16-2-3		
	PC1054.3			INFORMAL REQUEST FOR DISCOVERY	
	PC667(b) thru (i) and PC1170.12			"THREE STRIKES LAW"	

The undersigned, certifying upon information and belief, complains that in the County of San Diego, State of California, the Defendant(s) did commit the following crime(s):

CHARGES

COUNT 1 - ASSAULT WITH DEADLY WEAPON/FORCE LIKELY TO CAUSE GBI

On or about and between June 8, 2003 and June 9, 2003, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY did unlawfully commit an assault upon EWA GILBERT with a deadly weapon and instrument and by means of force likely to produce great bodily injury, in violation of PENAL CODE SECTION 245(a)(1).

And it is further alleged that in the commission and attempted commission of the above offense, the said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, personally used a deadly weapon, to wit: a knife, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 1192.7(c)(23).

COUNT 2 - MAKING A CRIMINAL THREAT

On or about June 8, 2003, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY did unlawfully and willfully threaten to commit a crime which would result in death and great bodily injury to another person, with the specific intent that the statement, made verbally, in writing, and by means of an electronic communication device, was to be taken as a threat (even if there was no intent of actually carrying it out), which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it was made, was so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby caused that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his/her own safety and for his/her immediate family's safety, in violation of PENAL CODE SECTION 422.

And it is further alleged that in the commission and attempted commission of the above offense, the said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, personally used a deadly and dangerous weapon, to wit: a knife, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 12022(b)(1).

COUNT 3 - FALSE IMPRISONMENT BY VIOLENCE, MENACE, FRAUD, DECEIT

On or about June 8, 2003, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY did unlawfully violate the personal liberty of EWA GILBERT, said violation being effected by violence, menace, fraud and deceit, in violation of PENAL CODE SECTIONS 236 AND 237(a).

And it is further alleged that in the commission and attempted commission of the above offense, the said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, personally used a deadly and dangerous weapon, to wit: a knife, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 12022(b)(1).

COUNT 4 - PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSING AMMUNITION/FIREARM

On or about June 8, 2003, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, a person prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm under section 12021 or 12021.1 of the Penal Code or section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, did unlawfully own, posses and have under his/her custody and control, ammunition and reloaded ammunition, in violation of PENAL CODE SECTION 12316(b)(1).

PRIORS

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY:

ACTION DENIAL PRIORS

It is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, was previously convicted twice or more than twice in this state of a felony, and in any other place of a public offense which if committed in this state would be punished as a felony, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 1203(e)(4).

	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
	07/19/1990	CR114966	Superior Court	San Diego	CA
2(A)	05/12/1993	CR137846	Superior Court	San Diego	CA
	09/22/1997	SCD129852	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

PRIOR

It is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY served a separate prison term for such offense(s), which under California law is punishable by imprisonment in state prison whether in California or elsewhere, and that he has not remained free of prison custody and free of the commission of an offense resulting in a felony(ies) conviction for five years subsequent to his release from prison for the felony(ies) below, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 667.5(b) AND 668.

	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
	07/19/1990	CR114966	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

D PRISON PRIOR

It is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY served a separate prison term for such offense(s), which under California law is punishable by imprisonment in state prison whether in California or elsewhere, and that he has not remained free of prison custody and free of the commission of an offense resulting in a felony(ies) conviction for five years subsequent to his release from prison for the felony(ies) below, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 667.5(b) AND 668.

	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
	05/12/1993	CR137846	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

PRIORS (cont'd)

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY:**THIRD PRISON PRIOR**

And it is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY served a separate prison term for such offense(s), which under California law is punishable by imprisonment in state prison whether in California or elsewhere, and that he has not remained free of prison custody and free of the commission of an offense resulting in a felony(ies) conviction for five years subsequent to his release from prison for the felony(ies) below, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTION 667.5(b) AND 668.

Charge	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
IS11352(A)	09/22/1997	SCD129852	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

FIRST SERIOUS FELONY PRIOR

And it is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, was convicted of the following serious felony(ies), separately brought and tried, which under California law is punishable by imprisonment in state prison, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTIONS 667(a)(1), 668, AND 1192.7(c).

Charge	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
C211	07/19/1990	CR114966	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

SECOND SERIOUS FELONY PRIOR

And it is further alleged that said defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, was convicted of the following serious felony(ies), separately brought and tried, which under California law is punishable by imprisonment in state prison, within the meaning of PENAL CODE SECTIONS 667(a)(1), 668, AND 1192.7(c).

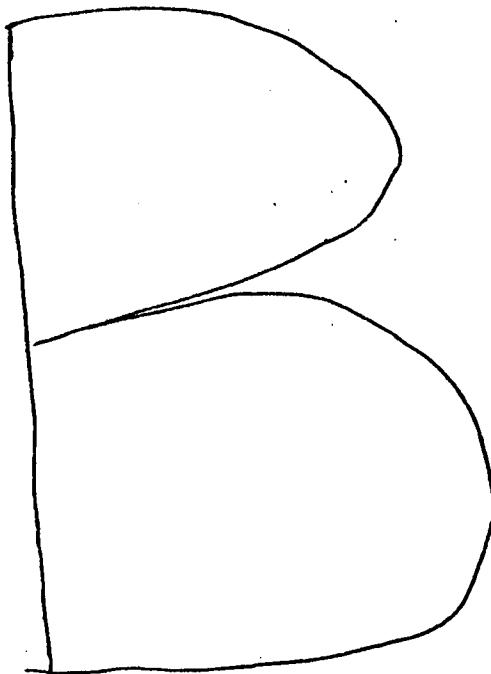
Charge	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
C459	05/12/1993	CR137846	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

TRIKE PRIOR(S)

And it is further alleged pursuant to Penal Code sections 667(b) through (i), 1170.12, and 668 that the defendant, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, has suffered the following prior conviction(s) and juvenile adjudication(s), which are now serious or violent felonies under California law whether committed in California or elsewhere.

Charge	Date of Conviction	Court Number	Court	County	State
C211	07/19/1990	CR114966	Superior Court	San Diego	CA
C459	05/12/1993	CR137846	Superior Court	San Diego	CA

EXHIBIT



B

ABSTRACT OF JUDGMENT

SENTENCING MINUTE ORDER

OF 2-20-04

PG'S #2

[Not to be used for multiple count convictions or for 1/3 consecutive sentences]

CR-290.1

2/21/04
2/21/04
PRIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF: SAN DIEGOSTATE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA VS.
DEFENDANT: MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY

DOB: 02-07-59

CASE NUMBER
SCD175327

05969197

DING #: 03123297

 NOT PRESENTJUDGMENT TO STATE PRISON
DATE OF JUDGMENT AMENDED
ABSTRACT

OF HEARING

02-20-04

DEPT. NO.

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JUDGE

WILLIAM D. MUDD

K

P. SIRNA

REPORTER

R. STARK

PROBATION NO. OR PROBATION OFFICER

A590571

Counsel for People

RENEE PALERMO

COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT

BLAKE WILSON

 APPTD.

Defendant was convicted of the commission of the following felony:

CODE	SECTION NUMBER	CRIME	YEAR CRIME COMMITTED	DATE OF CONVICTION (MO./DATE/YEAR)	CONVICTED BY			TIME IMPOSED
					ARMY	CORR	MIA	
PC	12316(B)(1)	POSS. AMMUNITION PERSON PROHIB. FIREARM	2003	08-29-03		X	U	6 0

ENHANCEMENTS charged and found to be true TIED TO SPECIFIC COUNTS (mainly in the PC 12022 series). List each count enhancement horizontally. Enter time imposed for each or "S" for stayed. DO NOT LIST ANY STRICKEN ENHANCEMENT(S).

ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	TOTAL

ENHANCEMENTS charged and found to be true FOR PRIOR CONVICTIONS OR PRISON TERMS (mainly in the PC 667 series). List all enhancements horizontally. Enter time imposed for each or "S" for stayed. DO NOT LIST ANY STRICKEN ENHANCEMENT(S).

ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	ENHANCEMENT	Y/S	TOTAL
667.5(B)	1	PC667.5(B)	1					2 0

 Defendant was sentenced pursuant to PC 667 (b)-(i) or PC 1170.12 (two-strikes).

FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS (including any applicable penalty assessments):

Restitution Fine(s): \$200 per PC 1202.4(b) forthwith plus PC 2085.5. \$200 per PC 1202.45 suspended unless parole is revoked.

Restitution per PC 1202.4(f): \$ _____ / Amount to be determined to victim(s) * Restitution Fund
(*List victim name(s) if known and amount breakdown in item 7 below.)Fine(s): \$ _____ per PC 1202.5. \$ _____ per VC 23550 or _____ days county jail prison in lieu of fine CC CSLab Fee: \$ _____ per HS 11372.5(a) for counts _____. Drug Program Fee of \$150 per HS 11372.7(a).TESTING: a. AIDS pursuant to PC 1202.1 b. DNA pursuant to PC 296 c. other (specify):

Other orders (specify): DEFENDANT TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FROM FELIPE VILLALBA

TOTAL TIME IMPOSED EXCLUDING COUNTY JAIL TERM:							

 This sentence is to run concurrent with (specify):

Execution of sentence imposed

a. at initial sentencing hearing.
 b. at resentencing per decision on appeal.
 c. after revocation of probation.

d. at resentencing per recall of commitment. (PC 1170(d).)
 e. other (specify):

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the sheriff forthwith after 48 hours excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.To be delivered to the reception center designated by the director of the California Department of Corrections.
 other (specify):

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I hereby certify the foregoing to be a correct abstract of the judgment made in this action.

SIGNED BY:

BLEVINS

DATE

02-25-04

This form is prescribed under PC 1213.5 to satisfy the requirements of PC 1213 for determinate sentences. Attachments may be used but must be referred to in this document.

ENT: HON WILLIAM D. MUDD

JUDGE PRESIDING DEPARTMENT 040

W. Mudd

REPORTER *P. Stora*

CSR 504

REPORTER'S ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 120128, SAN DIEGO, CA 92112-0128

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

VS.

NCY MICHAEL A

F - R. Wilson

ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT (PC RETAINED)

DEFENDANT PC12316(B)(1) CL. 4

P.O.

OATH ON FILE / SWN

S) per PC 667.5(b)(2), (c)(1)(B)

INTERP. LANGUAGE

R(S) per PC 667.5(b)(2), (c)(1)(B)

DEFENDANT PRESENT NOT PRESENT NOT PRODUCED

WAIVES HEARING

DEFENDANT ADVISED OF RIGHTS AND ADMITS / DENIES A VIOLATION OF PROBATION

PROBATION IS / REMAINS: FORMALLY / SUMMARY REVKD REINST MODIFIED CONT ST&C TERM EXT TO:

WAIVES ARRAIGNMENT. ARRAIGNED FOR JUDGMENT. IMPOSITION / EXECUTION OF SENTENCE IS SUSPENDED.

PROBATION IS: DENIED GRANTED YEARS (FORMAL/SUMMARY) TO EXPIRE

COMMITMENT TO SHERIFF FOR DAYS. STAYED TO / PNDG. SUCC. COMPL. OF PC 668. PAROLE NOT TO BE GRANTED

PERFORM HRS / DAYS PSP / VOL. WORK AT NONPROFIT ORG. SUBMIT PROOF TO PROBATION / COURT BY

4TH AMENDMENT WAIVER FORMAL PROB. CONVERTS TO SUMM. PC 668

FURTHER CONDITIONS ARE SET FORTH IN PROBATION ORDER. WORK FURLOUGH, REPORT:

DEFENDANT IS COMMITTED TO THE CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY PER WI 1737

DEFENDANT IS COMMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PER PC 1170(d).

FOR LOWER / MIDDLE / UPPER / INDETERMINATE TERM OF 6 YEARS / MONTHS / TO LIFE

ON COUNT 4 CODE & NO. PC 12316(B)(1) PRINCIPAL COUNT. STIPULATED SENTENCE.

DEFENDANT SENTENCED PER PC 667(b)-(i)/1170.12. NOTICE OF FIREARMS PROHIBITION GIVEN PER PC 12021.

NO VISITATION PER PC 1202.05. VICTIM IS UNDEP. 18 YRS. OF AGE. FAILS TO COMPLY WITH NOTICES.

DEF'T. ADVISED REGARDING PAROLE / APPEAL RIGHTS. REGISTRATION PER PC 290 / HS 11590 / PC 457.1 / PC 186.30. TESTNG PER PC 1202.1 HV / PC 296 CN

DEFENDANT TO PAY: FINE OF \$ 200 PLUS PENALTY ASSESSMENT. \$20 COURT SECURITY FEE. PROBATION COSTS. BOOKING FEE

REST. FINE(S): \$ 200 PER PC 1202.4(d). FORTHWITH PER PC 2085.5. \$ 200 PER PC 1202.45 SUSP. UNLESS PAROLE REV

RESTITUTION TO VICTIM(S) PER P.O.'S REPORT / REST. FUND PER PC 1202.4(i) OF \$ / IN AN AMT. TO BE DETERMINED. JUNT & SEVER

COURT-APPOINTED ATTORNEY FEES ORDERED IN THE AMOUNT OF \$ /

INCOME DEDUCTION ORDER OF \$ / PER PAY PERIOD PER PC 1202.42 STAYED UNLESS DEF'T. FAILS TO PAY VICTIM REST. NOTICE OF RIGHTS PROVIDED

AT THE COMBINED RATE OF \$ / PER MONTH TO START 60 DAYS AFTER RELEASE / ON

DEFENDANT IS REFERRED TO REVENUE & RECOVERY COURT COLLECTIONS TO SET UP AN ACCOUNT.

DEFENDANT IS TO REPORT TO PROBATION / REV. & REC/ COURT COLLECTIONS FORTHWITH / WITHIN 72 HOURS OF RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.

DEFENDANT REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF SHERIFF WITHOUT BAIL. WITH BAIL SET AT \$ /

DEFENDANT TO REMAIN AT LIBERTY ON BOND POSTED \$ / ON PROBATION. ON DEJ. ON OWN / SUPERVISED RECOGNIZANCE

DEFENDANT ORDERED RELEASED FROM CUSTODY ON PROBATION. ON OWN / SUPERVISED RECOGNIZANCE. ON DEJ. THIS CASE ONLY.

DEFENDANT WAIVES STATUTORY TIME FOR PRONOUNCEMENT OF JUDGMENT.

DEFENDANT REFERRED FOR DIAGNOSTIC EVALUATION. PER PC 1203.03. PER WI 707.2.

CONTINUED TO / SET FOR / AT / M. IN DEPT. / ON MOT.

OF COURT / DDA / DEFENDANT / PROBATION OFFICER / REASON:

BENCH WARRANT TO ISSUE, BAIL SET AT \$ / SERVICE FORTHWITH. ORDERED WITHHELD TO

BENCH WARRANT ISSUED / ORDERED / IS RECALLED / RESCINDED.

BAIL IS EXONERATED. FORFEITED. AMOUNT \$ / BOND NO. / AGENT

BOND COMPANY /

PROCEEDINGS SUSPENDED PER PC 1368, MENTAL COMPETENCY. (SEE BELOW FOR DATES OF EXAMINATION AND HEARING.)

PER WI 3051, ADDICTION OR DANGER OF ADDICTION. SERVICE OF PETITION:

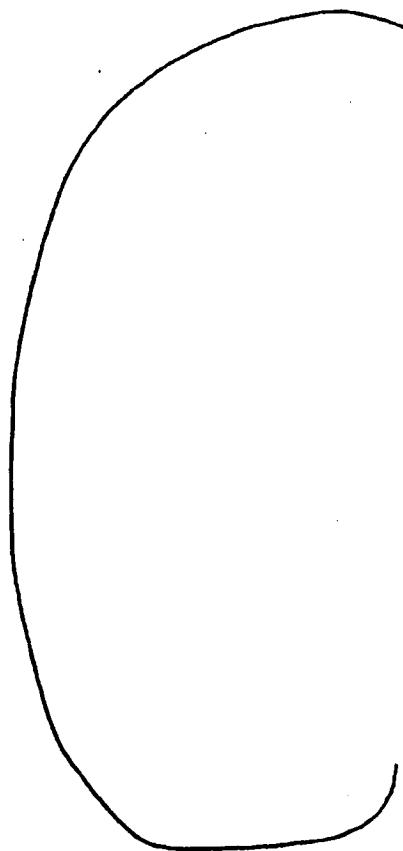
PROBATION TO PREPARE SUPP. REPT. / SUBMIT POST-SENT REPT TO CDC PER PC 1203. REPT. TO REG. OF VOTERS. DRAFT ABSTRACT, B.A.C.

CONCURRENT WITH / CONSECUTIVE TO:

*as to each PC 667.5(b) 1 year consecutive
 Total term 8 years.
 To be kept separate from defendant Felipe
 Villalba*

William D. Mudd
 JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

EXHIBIT



REPORTERS TRANSCRIPTS
DATED AUGUST 29, 2003
PLEA AGREEMENT
PG.S 2-7

1 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

2 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

3
4 DEPARTMENT D-31 HON. MELINDA J. LASATER, JUDGE

5 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

6 PLAINTIFF,

7 AND CASE SCD175327

8 MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY,

9 DEFENDANT.

10
11
12 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT

13 AUGUST 29, 2003

14 PAGES 1 THROUGH 7

15 APPEARANCES:

16 FOR THE PLAINTIFF: BONNIE M. DUMANIS
17 DISTRICT ATTORNEY
18 GREG WALDEN
19 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
330 WEST BROADWAY
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

20 FOR THE DEFENDANT: BLAKE WILSON
21 ATTORNEY AT LAW
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

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27 DALIA R. SMITH, CSR 8486
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
28 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

1 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 2003

2

3 THE CLERK: NUMBER SIX, YANCY.

4 THE COURT: PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

5 VERSUS MICHAEL YANCY.

6 WOULD YOU LIKE TO STATE YOUR APPEARANCES.

7 MR. WILSON: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. MY NAME IS

8 BLAKE WILSON, APPEARING ON BEHALF OF MR. YANCY PURSUANT TO

9 PCC. THIS MATTER IS READY FOR CHANGE OF PLEA.

10 MR. WALDEN: GREG WALDEN ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE.

11

12 MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY,

13 DEFENDANT, AFTER HAVING FIRST BEEN DULY SWEORN,

14 TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

15

16 THE COURT: STATE YOUR FULL NAME AND SPELL YOUR

17 LAST FULL NAME FOR THE RECORD.

18 THE DEFENDANT:MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, Y-A-N-C-Y.

19 THE COURT: AND HAVE YOU HAD ANY DRUGS OR ALCOHOL

20 IN THE LAST 24 HOURS?

21 THE DEFENDANT:NO.

22 THE COURT: DO YOU READ AND UNDERSTAND ENGLISH?

23 THE DEFENDANT:YES, I DO.

24 THE COURT: ARE YOU A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES?

25 THE DEFENDANT:YES.

26 THE COURT: ARE YOU NOW ON PROBATION OR PAROLE?

27 THE DEFENDANT:YES.

28 THE COURT: DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT IF YOU PLEAD

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1 GUILTY IN THIS CASE IT COULD AFFECT YOUR STATUS -- I'M
2 SORRY -- IN THAT PROBATION CASE, THAT IT COULD RESULT IN
3 ITS REVOCATION AND YOU COULD BE SENTENCED UP TO THE MAXIMUM
4 ALLOWED UNDER THAT CASE; DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT?

5 THE DEFENDANT: YEAH.

6 THE COURT: I HAVE A CHANGE OF PLEA FORM HERE.
7 IT'S BLUE IN COLOR BECAUSE THIS IS A FELONY PLEA. AND IN
8 EACH OF THE BOXES ON THE RIGHT HAND SIDE OF THE THREE PAGES
9 THERE ARE SOME INITIALS. AND ON THE LAST PAGE, THIRD OF
10 THE WAY DOWN, IS THAT SIGNATURE OVER THE THUMB PRINT, ARE
11 THOSE YOUR INITIALS, SIGNATURE, AND THUMB PRINT YOURS?

12 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

13 THE COURT: DID YOU READ AND UNDERSTAND THE FORM?

14 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

15 THE COURT: DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS FOR ME ABOUT
16 THE FORM OR ITS CONTENTS?

17 THE DEFENDANT: NO.

18 THE COURT: HAVE YOU DISCUSSED THE FORM AND ITS
19 CONTENTS WITH YOUR ATTORNEY?

20 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

21 THE COURT: HAVE YOU HAD ENOUGH TIME TO DO THAT?

22 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

23 THE COURT: AS I UNDERSTAND THE PLEA NEGOCIATION IN
24 THE CASE YOU ARE GOING TO PLEAD GUILTY TO COUNT FOUR AND
25 ADMIT THE PRIOR ALLEGATIONS. AND THOSE ALSO WOULD BE THE
26 STATE PRISON PRIORS. AND THERE IS ONE STRIKE PRIOR AS
27 WELL, CORRECT?

28 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

1 THE COURT: AND THEN THE PEOPLE ARE GOING TO
2 DISMISS THE REST OF THE CHARGES. THERE IS A STIPULATED
3 8-YEAR SENTENCE TO STATE PRISON. AND ANY STATE PRISON
4 SENTENCE THAT YOU SERVE WILL BE CONCURRENT WITH ANY PAROLE
5 REVOCATION.

6 IS THAT YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE COMPLETE
7 PLEA NEGOCIATION IN THIS CASE?

8 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

9 THE COURT: HAS ANY OTHER PROMISES OR THREATS BEEN
10 MADE TO YOU TO GET YOU TO PLEAD GUILTY?

11 THE DEFENDANT: NO.

12 THE COURT: NOW, DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT YOU HAVE
13 THE FOLLOWING CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS: YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO
14 A PUBLIC AND SPEEDY JURY TRIAL; YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO
15 CONFRONT AND CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AGAINST YOU; YOU HAVE
16 A RIGHT TO PRESENT EVIDENCE ON YOUR OWN DEFENSE, AND YOU
17 HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT?

18 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

19 THE COURT: DO YOU UNDERSTAND IF YOU PLEAD GUILTY
20 YOU GIVE UP ALL THOSE RIGHTS?

21 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

22 THE COURT: IS THAT WHAT YOU WANT TO DO AT THIS
23 TIME?

24 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

25 THE COURT: WHAT'S THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE THAT YOU
26 COULD BE LOCKED UP FOR?

27 THE DEFENDANT: EIGHT YEARS.

28 THE COURT: DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT YOU ALSO HAVE

1 THE FOLLOWING CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS: THAT YOU COULD HAVE
2 CONSECUTIVE SENTENCES. YOU WILL LOSE YOUR DRIVING
3 PRIVILEGES. YOU WON'T BE ABLE TO POSSESS A FIREARM OR
4 AMMUNITION. YOU MAY HAVE TO SUBMIT TO A BLOOD TEST AND
5 SALIVA SAMPLE. THIS WOULD BECOME PRIORABLE BECAUSE YOU
6 WILL GO TO STATE PRISON. SO IF YOU COMMIT A FELONY IN THE
7 FUTURE, IT WILL BE ADDED AS A PRIOR. IT BECOMES A PRISON
8 PRIOR. AND THAT YOU WILL LOSE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE. AND YOU
9 MAY HAVE TO DO AN AIDS EDUCATION PROGRAM. AND BECAUSE OF
10 THE STRIKE PRIOR YOU'RE GOING TO HAVE TO SERVE 80 PERCENT
11 OF YOUR TIME.

12 THE DEFENDANT: CORRECT.

13 THE COURT: HOW DO YOU PLEAD AT THIS TIME TO A
14 VIOLATION OF PENAL CODE SECTION 12316(B)(1); GUILTY OR NOT
15 GUILTY?

16 THE DEFENDANT: WHAT IS THAT?

17 THE COURT: I KNEW YOU WERE GOING TO ASK ME THAT
18 QUESTION.

19 MR. WILSON: FELONY POSSESSION --

20 MR. WALDEN: AMMUNITION.

21 THE COURT: I WANT TO GET IT AS IT'S PHRASED.
22 "PERSON PROHIBITED FROM OWNING, POSSESSING AMMUNITION OR
23 FIREARM." IT'S BECAUSE OF THE FELONY THAT YOU HAVE THE
24 PRIOR FELONY THAT YOU HAVE, AND YOU POSSESSED SOME
25 AMMUNITION. THAT'S COUNT ONE.

26 IF YOU WOULD LIKE I WILL READ THE WHOLE
27 CHARGE TO YOU.

28 THE DEFENDANT: NO, THAT'S ALL RIGHT.

1 THE COURT: HOW DO YOU PLEAD TO COUNT FOUR?

2 THE DEFENDANT: GUILTY.

3 THE COURT: AND DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THE FIRST
4 PRISON PRIOR, WHICH IS PENAL CODE SECTION 211, ROBBERY, IN
5 1990? DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY?

6 THE DEFENDANT: ADMIT.

7 THE COURT: AND DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THE SECOND
8 PRISON PRIOR, WHICH IS THE BURGLARY PRISON PRIOR, 1993?

9 THE DEFENDANT: ADMIT.

10 THE COURT: AND DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THE --

11 YOU ARE DISMISSING ONE STRIKE PRIOR.

12 WHICH ONE ARE YOU REQUESTING HIM TO PLEAD TO,
13 OR DO YOU CARE?

14 MR. WALDEN: WHICH ONE IS THE -- I LISTED IT ON THE
15 CHANGE OF PLEA FORM.

16 MR. WILSON: THIS SHOWS NUMBER ONE PRIOR THAT WE
17 LIST, YOUR HONOR.

18 THE COURT: OKAY.

19 MR. WILSON: THE DATE OUGHT TO BE WRITTEN ON THERE
20 IN MY POOR HANDWRITING.

21 THE COURT: IT'S THE FIRST ONE.

22 AND DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THE FIRST STRIKE
23 PRIOR, WHICH IS THE ROBBERY, IN 1990?

24 THE DEFENDANT: ADMIT.

25 THE COURT: AND WHAT DID YOU DO TO BE GUILTY OF THE
26 OFFENSE OF THE POSSESSION OF AMMUNITION?

27 THE DEFENDANT: I HAD BULLETS IN MY POCKET.

28 THE COURT: AND WERE YOU A CONVICTED FELON AT THE

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1 TIME?

2 THE DEFENDANT: YES.

3 THE COURT: PEOPLE SATISFIED WITH THE FACTUAL BASIS
4 AND THE TAKING OF THE PLEA?

5 MR. WALDEN: YES.

6 THE COURT: COUNSEL, DO YOU CONCUR IN THE ENTRY OF
7 THE PLEA AND UNDERSTAND -- BELIEVE YOUR CLIENT UNDERSTANDS
8 HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, NATURE OF THE CHARGES AND THE
9 CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLEA?

10 MR. WILSON: I DO SO CONCUR.

11 THE COURT: AT THIS TIME I WILL ACCEPT THE GUILTY
12 PLEA. FIND THERE'S A FACTUAL BASIS, AND THAT HE IS MAKING
13 A KNOWING, INTELLIGENT, VOLUNTARY WAIVER OF HIS
14 CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, AND THAT HE UNDERSTANDS THE NATURE
15 OF THE CHARGES AND CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLEA.

16 AND SET IT FOR PROBATION HEARING AND
17 SENTENCING.

18 AS I UNDERSTAND IT, YOU ARE GOING TO ACCEPT A
19 SHORT FORM REPORT.

20 MR. WILSON: THAT'S RIGHT. NO NEED FOR A FULL
21 PROBATION REPORT.

22 THE COURT: AND THE DATE IS?

23 THE CLERK: DUE COURSE, YOUR HONOR?

24 THE COURT: IT'S DUE COURSE.

25 THE CLERK: SEPTEMBER 29, 1:30, IN THIS DEPARTMENT.

26 THE COURT: AND YOU ARE ORDERED TO RETURN AT THAT
27 TIME.

28 THANK YOU VERY MUCH.

1 MR. WILSON: GOOD DAY, YOUR HONOR.

2 THE COURT: THANK YOU.

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TICE: If any of the above-named defendant(s) are presently on probation in San Diego County, any evidence presented at a Preliminary Examination in the instant case will be used not only for a basis for a holding in this case but as a circumstance for a violation of probation and, at any formal hearing at that violation of probation. The People move the transcript of the Preliminary Examination into evidence as a basis for the violation and for sentencing purposes.

In accordance to PENAL CODE SECTION 1054.5(b), the People are hereby informally requesting that defendant's counsel provide discovery to the People as required by PENAL CODE SECTION 1054.3.

DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT AND
AT THIS COMPLAINT, CASE NUMBER CD175327, CONSISTS OF 4 COUNTS.

Executed at San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, on June 11, 2003.

COMPLAINANT

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

BONNIE M. DUMANIS
District Attorney
County of San Diego
State of California
by:

Deputy District Attorney

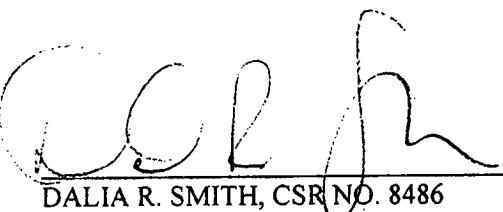
1 STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
2 : ss.
3 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO)

4 I, DALIA R. SMITH, CSR NO. 8486, AN OFFICIAL REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
5 OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, DO
6 HEREBY CERTIFY THAT AS SUCH REPORTER I REPORTED IN SHORTHAND
7 THE TESTIMONY ADDUCED AND THE PROCEEDINGS HAD AT THE HEARING
8 OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED CAUSE, AND THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT,
9 CONSISTING OF PAGES 1 THROUGH 7, EXCLUSIVE, IS A FULL, TRUE AND
10 CORRECT RECORD OF THE TESTIMONY AND EVIDENCE ADDUCED AND
11 PROCEEDINGS HAD AT THE HEARING OF SAID CAUSE.

12 DATED THIS FEBRUARY 18, 2004 AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA.

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16 DALIA R. SMITH, CSR NO. 8486

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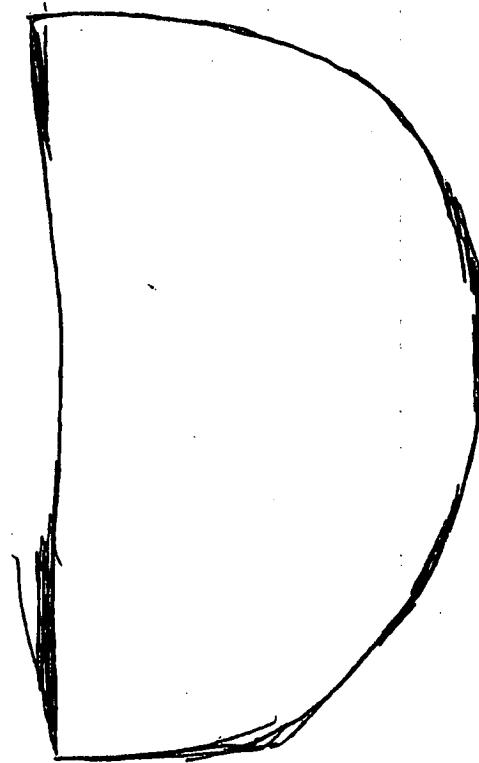
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EXHIBIT



REPORTERS TRANSCRIPT
DATED NOVEMBER 14 2003
PG.S 12-15

11/14/03

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

DEPARTMENT NO. 31

HON. WILLIAM D. MUDD, JUDGE

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF
CALIFORNIA,

PLAINTIFF,

VS.

CASE NO. SCD175327

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY,

DEFENDANT.

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT

NOVEMBER 14, 2003

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: BONNIE M. DUMANIS, ESQ.
 DISTRICT ATTORNEY
 BY: ANTHONY CAMPAGNA, ESQ.
 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
 330 WEST BROADWAY
 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

FOR THE DEFENDANT: M. BLAKE WILSON, ESQ.
 1532 SIXTH AVENUE
 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

ROBERT F. STARK, CSR #5104
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

1 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 2003, 1:40 P.M.

2 --000--

3 THE BAILIFF: YOUR HONOR, THE NEXT ITEM IS 55. YANCY.

4 MR. WILSON: BLAKE WILSON APPEARING ON BEHALF OF MR. YANCY.

5 I SHOULD INFORM THE COURT THAT MR. YANCY HAS INFORMED
6 ME THAT HE DESIRES THAT I FILE A MOTION TO WITHDRAW HIS PLEA.

7 THEREFORE, I'M DUTY-BOUND TO ASK THAT THE COURT PUT OFF HIS
8 SENTENCING FOR TODAY AND SET A DATE FOR ME TO FILE THAT MOTION.

9 I'M ALSO INFORMED THAT HE HAS A COMMUNICATION WITH THE COURT TO
10 THAT EFFECT.

11 THE COURT: WELL, HE'S WRITTEN A LETTER.

12 WELL, HE'S CERTAINLY ENTITLED TO DO WHATEVER HE FEELS
13 HE WANTS TO DO.

14 PEOPLE HAVE ANY PARTICULAR PROBLEM PUTTING THIS OVER?

15 MR. CAMPAGNA: NO, YOUR HONOR.

16 THE COURT: HOW MUCH TIME WOULD YOU LIKE, COUNSEL?

17 MR. WILSON: I NEED TO INVESTIGATE WHETHER THERE'S A
18 CONFLICT THAT MIGHT GIVE RISE TO THE MOTION, SO I WOULD ASK THE
19 COURT TO PUT IT ON FOR A MONTH OUT FROM NOW.

20 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

21 SIR, YOU'VE GOT A RIGHT TO BE SENTENCED TODAY. YOU'VE
22 ASKED YOUR LAWYER TO DO SOMETHING THAT'S GOING TO TAKE SOME TIME.
23 IS IT ALL RIGHT WITH YOU IF WE PUT YOUR SENTENCING OVER?

24 THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

25 THE COURT: OKAY.

26 COUNSEL, ARE YOU AVAILABLE ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 15TH?

27 MR. WILSON: THAT'S WHAT I WAS LOOKING AT, YOUR HONOR.

28 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

1 SENTENCING WILL GO OVER TO MONDAY, DECEMBER 15TH.

2 PROBATION NEED DO NOTHING OTHER THAN HAVE A CUSTODY
3 UPDATE.

4 IF A MOTION IS TO BE FILED, MAKE SURE IT'S TIMELY FILED
5 SO THE PEOPLE HAVE ADEQUATE TIME TO RESPOND.

6 MR. WILSON: YES, YOUR HONOR.

7 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

8 THAT WILL BE THE ORDER.

9 (RECESS, 1:44 O'CLOCK, P.M., TO 1:30 O'CLOCK, P.M.,
10 MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 2003.)

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
: SS:
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO)

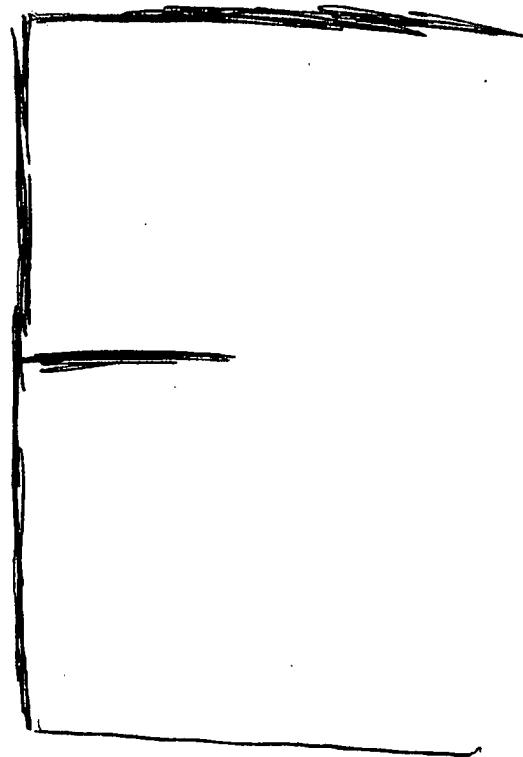
I, ROBERT F. STARK, CSR, CERTIFICATE NUMBER 5104, AN
OFFICIAL REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF
CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, HEREBY CERTIFY
THAT I REPORTED IN MACHINE SHORTHAND THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE
WITHIN CASE, AND THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT, CONSISTING OF
PAGES NUMBERED FROM 12 TO 14, INCLUSIVE, IS A FULL, TRUE,
AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPTION OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THIS CASE.

DATED AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, THIS 18TH DAY OF
FEBRUARY, 2004.



Robert F. Stark
ROBERT F. STARK
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

EXHIBITS



REPORTERS TRANSCRIPT
CONFLICT OF INTREST
DATED DECEMBER 15, 2003
PG.S 16-18

E
EXHIBIT
11811

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

DEPARTMENT NO. 31

HON. WILLIAM D. MUDD, JUDGE

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF
CALIFORNIA, :

PLAINTIFF, :

VS. :

CASE NO. SCD175327

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, :

DEFENDANT. :

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT

DECEMBER 15, 2003

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: BONNIE M. DUMANIS, ESQ.
 DISTRICT ATTORNEY
 BY: ANNE MARIE URRUTIA, ESQ.
 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
 330 WEST BROADWAY
 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

FOR THE DEFENDANT: M. BLAKE WILSON, ESQ.
 1532 SIXTH AVENUE
 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

ROBERT F. STARK, CSR #5104
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

1 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 2003, 1:40 P.M.

2 --000--

3 THE BAILIFF: YOUR HONOR, THE NEXT ITEM IS 59, YANCY.

4 MR. WILSON: GOOD AFTERNOON, YOUR HONOR. BLAKE WILSON
5 APPEARING ON BEHALF OF MR. YANCY.

6 THIS WAS PUT OVER FROM THE LAST SENTENCING DATE SO THAT
7 I COULD INVESTIGATE A POSSIBLE MOTION TO WITHDRAW HIS PLEA. I
8 DID MEET WITH HIM, AND BASED UPON THE OUTCOME OF THAT MEETING I
9 HAVE DETERMINED THERE IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST. I'M ASKING TO
10 BE RELIEVED AND THAT NEW COUNSEL BE APPOINTED FOR MR. YANCY.

11 THE COURT: WELL, I WILL SAY THAT I HAVE READ JUDGE
12 LASATER'S CHANGE-OF-PLEA TRANSCRIPT, AND IT SEEMS QUITE
13 SUFFICIENT AND QUITE ALL-ENCOMPASSING.

14 THE WAY I DO THIS, MR. WILSON, IS VERY SIMPLE. I'M NOT
15 GOING TO RELIEVE YOU AS ATTORNEY OF RECORD. HOWEVER, I WILL
16 APPOINT NEW P. C. C. COUNSEL TO LOOK INTO WHETHER OR NOT THERE
17 EXISTS LEGAL CAUSE TO WITHDRAW THE PLEA. WE'LL PUT THIS MATTER
18 OVER FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME IN WHICH TO HAVE COURT-APPOINTED
19 COUNSEL APPEAR. AND THEN WE'LL SET A BRIEFING SCHEDULE IN THE
20 EVENT THAT ATTORNEY BELIEVES SUCH A MOTION IS WARRANTED.

21 SIR, YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO BE SENTENCED TODAY. DO YOU
22 AGREE THAT WE CAN PUT THIS MATTER OVER SO I CAN HAVE YOU TALK TO
23 A LAWYER ABOUT POTENTIAL MOTIONS?

24 THE DEFENDANT: (THE DEFENDANT LOOKED AT MR. WILSON.)

25 YES, SIR.

26 THE COURT: IT'S YOUR CALL.

27 THE DEFENDANT: YES, SIR.

28 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

1 FIRST OF ALL I WANT IT CONSISTENT WITH YOUR CALENDAR,
2 MR. WILSON, JUST SO YOU CAN BE HERE AND ANSWER ANY INQUIRIES
3 COUNSEL MAY HAVE. I WOULD PROPOSE TO PUT THIS ON CALENDAR EITHER
4 THE 5TH, 6TH, OR 7TH OF JANUARY. IT WILL BE AT 8:30 A.M., AND IT
5 WOULD BE IN DEPARTMENT 40.

6 MR. WILSON: THE 7TH IS GOOD FOR ME, YOUR HONOR.

7 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

8 SENTENCING AND POTENTIAL MOTIONS WILL GO OVER TO
9 JANUARY 7TH. NOTE THAT AS 8:30 IN DEPARTMENT 40.

10 WE'LL APPOINT NEW P. C. C. COUNSEL TO INQUIRE WHETHER A
11 MOTION IS MERITED.

12 ALL RIGHT. SEE YOU THEN.

13 MR. WILSON: GOOD DAY.

14 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

15 (RECESS, 1:43 O'CLOCK, P.M., TO 8:30 O'CLOCK, A.M.,
16 WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 2004.)

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
: SS:
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO)

I, ROBERT F. STARK, CSR, CERTIFICATE NUMBER 5104, AN
OFFICIAL REPORTER OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF
CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, HEREBY CERTIFY
THAT I REPORTED IN MACHINE SHORTHAND THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE
WITHIN CASE, AND THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT, CONSISTING OF
PAGES NUMBERED FROM 16 TO 18, INCLUSIVE, IS A FULL, TRUE,
AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPTION OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THIS CASE.

DATED AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, THIS 18TH DAY OF
FEBRUARY, 2004.



Robert F. Stark
ROBERT F. STARK
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

EXHIBIT

G

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT

10/11/11 G

~~Case 3:08-cv-00163-JAH-LSP Document 1-8 Filed 01/08/2008 Page 2 of 32~~~~ss DORM # 302, BED # 46 LOW~~RCO P.O. Box 3535RCO, CA. 92860-0991

Inmate ID Number

H11683CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT

(Court)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

michael ANTHONY YANCY

vs.

JERMINA HALL WARDEN

indent

No.

(To be supplied by the Clerk of the Court).

INSTRUCTIONS—READ CAREFULLY

you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.

you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.

Please read the entire form before answering any questions.

This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction for perjury.

Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."

If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original unless local rules require additional copies. If any courts require more copies,

If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies of the petition and, if separately bound, one copy of any supporting documents.

If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and ten copies of the petition and, if separately bound, two copies of any supporting documents.

Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.

In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under Rule 60 of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective July 1, 2005]. Subsequent amendments to Rule 60 may change the number of copies to be furnished to the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page one of six

Penal Code, § 1473 et seq.;
Cal. Rules of Court, rule 60(a)American LegalNet, Inc.
www.USCourthouse.com

This petition concerns:

A conviction A sentence Credits
 Jail or prison conditions Prison discipline
 Other (specify): _____

Your name: MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY

Where are you incarcerated? CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER, NORCO, CA.

Why are you in custody? Criminal Conviction Civil Commitment

Answer subdivisions a. through l. to the best of your ability.

a. State reason for civil commitment or, if criminal conviction, state nature of offense and enhancements (for example, "robbery with use of a deadly weapon").

PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSION AMMUNITION/FIREARM, WHICH ENHANCEMENT FOR

PRIOR PRISON TERMS

b. Penal or other code sections: P.C. §12316(B)(1) AND P.C. §667.5(B)

c. Name and location of sentencing or committing court: SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO,
220 WEST BROADWAY, DEPARTMENT #40, SAN DIEGO, CA.

d. Case number: SCD175327

e. Date convicted or committed: 2/20/04

f. Date sentenced: 2/20/04

g. Length of sentence: 8 YEARS @ 80%

h. When do you expect to be released? 8/09

i. Were you represented by counsel in the trial court? Yes No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address:

BLAKE WILSON, SAN DIEGO, CA.

What was the LAST plea you entered? (check one)

Not guilty Guilty Nolo Contendere Other: _____

If you pleaded not guilty, what kind of trial did you have?

Jury Judge without a jury Submitted on transcript Awaiting trial

Ground 1: State briefly the ground on which you base your claim for relief. For example, "the court imposed an illegal enhancement." (If you have additional grounds, list them separately, attach them to this ground, and file a separate petition. Page 4 of 32 For additional grounds, make copies of page four and number the additional grounds in order.)

"SEE ATTACHED PETITION"

a. Supporting facts:

Tell your story briefly without citing cases or law. If you are challenging the legality of your conviction, describe the facts upon which your conviction is based. If necessary, attach additional pages. CAUTION: You must state facts, not conclusions. For example, if you are claiming incompetence of counsel you must state facts specifically setting forth what your attorney did or failed to do and how that affected your trial. Failure to allege sufficient facts will result in the denial of your petition. (See *In re Swain* (1949) 34 Cal.2d 300, 304.) A rule of thumb to follow is: who did exactly what to violate your rights at what time (when) or place (where). (If available, attach declarations, relevant records, transcripts, or other documents supporting your claim.)

"SEE ATTACHED PETITION"

b. Supporting cases, rules, or other authority (optional):

(Briefly discuss, or list by name and citation, the cases or other authorities that you think are relevant to your claim. If necessary, attach an extra page.)

"SEE ATTACHED PETITION"

a. Supporting facts:

"SEE ATTACHED PETITION"

Supporting cases, rules, or other authority:

"SEE ATTACHED PETITION"

Name of court ("Court of Appeal" or "App. Court" or "Superior Court"):
Case 3:08-cv-00163-JAH-LSP Document 1-8 Filed 01/08/2008 Page 6 of 32

a. Result _____ c. Date of decision: _____

Case number or citation of opinion, if known: _____

Issues raised: (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

Were you represented by counsel on appeal? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:

d. Do you seek review in the California Supreme Court? Yes No. If yes, give the following information:

Result _____ b. Date of decision: _____

Case number or citation of opinion, if known: _____

Issues raised: (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

Your petition makes a claim regarding your conviction, sentence, or commitment that you or your attorney did not make on appeal, explain why the claim was not made on appeal:

"SIGNIFICANT SUPERVENING CHANGES IN THE CALIFORNIA'S DSL"

Administrative Review:

If your petition concerns conditions of confinement or other claims for which there are administrative remedies, failure to exhaust administrative remedies may result in the denial of your petition, even if it is otherwise meritorious. (See *In re Muszalski* (1975) 52 Cal.App.3d 500 [125 Cal.Rptr. 286].) Explain what administrative review you sought or explain why you did not seek such review.

N/A

Did you seek the highest level of administrative review available? Yes. No.

Attach documents that show you have exhausted your administrative remedies.

2. Other than direct appeal, have you filed any other petitions, applications, or motions with respect to this conviction, commitment, or sentence in any court? Yes, continue with number 13. Filed 01/08/2008 Number Page 7 of 32

3. a. (1) Name of court: COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT

(2) Nature of proceeding (for example, "habeas corpus petition"): HABEAS CORPUS PETITION

(3) Issues raised: (a) SAME AS THIS PETITION

(b)

(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable): RELIEF REQUESTED WAS DENIED

(5) Date of decision: MARCH 23, 2007

b. (1) Name of court:

(2) Nature of proceeding:

(3) Issues raised: (a)

(b)

(4) Result (Attach order or explain why unavailable):

(5) Date of decision:

c. For additional prior petitions, applications, or motions, provide the same information on a separate page.

If any of the courts listed in number 13 held a hearing, state name of court, date of hearing, nature of hearing, and result:

Explain any delay in the discovery of the claimed grounds for relief and in raising the claims in this petition. (See *In re Swain* (1949) 34 Cal.2d 300, 304.)

SIGNIFICANT SUPERVENING CHANGE IN THE LAW. THERE ARE NO DELAYS, THIS PETITION IS BROUGHT FORTH "DUE DILIGENCE".

Are you presently represented by counsel? Yes. No. If yes, state the attorney's name and address, if known:

Do you have any petition, appeal, or other matter pending in any court? Yes. No. If yes, explain:

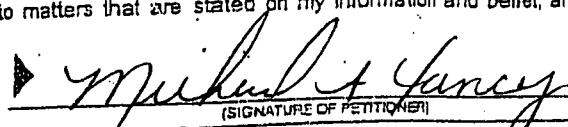
PETITIONER FILED A MOTION FOR SENTENCING TRANSCRIPT IN THE SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT BUT THE COURT DENIED SAID MOTION.

If this petition might lawfully have been made to a lower court, state the circumstances justifying an application to this court:

THE CONTENTIONS/ARGUMENTS PRESENTED TO THIS COURT OF APPEALS WAS SUBMITTED TO THE LOWER COURT FOR RELIEF AND THE LOWER COURT DENIED RELIEF ENTITLED.

I undersigned, say: I am the petitioner in this action. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing allegations and statements are true and correct, except as to matters that are stated on my information and belief, and as to other matters, I believe them to be true.

5/22/07


(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)

Page six of six

1 MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, CDCR #H-11683
2 DORM #302, BED #46 LOW
3 CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER
P. O. BOX 3535
NORCO, CA. 92860-0991

CALIFORNIA COURTS OF APPEAL

FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY,)
PETITIONER,) NO.: _____
) (TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE COURT CLERK)
-VS-)
GUILLERMINA HALL, WARDEN,) PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
RESPONDENT,)
)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

PETITIONER, MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY, PETITIONS THIS HONORABLE COURT FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS, AND BY THIS VERIFIED PETITION ALLEGES,

I.

PETITIONER IS IN THE CUSTODY OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION, PRESENTLY CONFINED AT CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER, IN NORCO, CALIFORNIA, TO A JUDGEMENT BY THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, IN COURT CASE NUMBER SCD175327, IN WHICH PETITIONER PLEAD GUILTY TO THE CHARGE OF "POSSESSION AMMUNITION PERSON PROHIBIT FIREARM".

II.

IN ADDITION TO THE EXHIBITS ATTACHED HERETO, THIS PETITION IS BASED ON ALL THE RECORDS AND PLEADINGS IN THE SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT, CASE NUMBER SCD175327.

1 III.

2 THIS PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS ALLEGES THAT THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED A
3 UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ILLEGAL SENTENCE BY IMPOSING THE UPPER TERM OF THREE (3)
4 YEARS ON COUNT FOUR (4) [PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSION AMMUNITION/FIREARM]
5 BASED ON FACTS NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT VIOLATIVE OF THE
6 SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION.

7 IV.

8 STATEMENT OF FACTS

9 ON JUNE 8, 2003, PETITIONER WAS CHARGED IN A FIVE COUNT INDICTMENT OF THE
10 FOLLOWING OFFENSES: COUNT ONE "ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON/FORCE LIKELY TO CAUSE
11 GBI (P. C. §245(a)(1)", COUNT TWO "MAKING A CRIMINAL THREAT (P. C. §422)", COUNT
12 THREE "FALSE IMPRISONMENT BY VIOLENCE, MENACE, FRAUD, DECEIT (P. C. §236 & §237(a))",
13 COUNT FOUR "PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSION AMMUNITION/FIREARM (P. C. §12316(B)
14 (1))" AND COUNT FIVE "KIDNAPPING (P. C. §207)".

15 ON FEBRUARY 20, 2004, THE TRIAL COURT DISMISSED COUNT 1, 2, 3 AND 5 AND
16 SENTENCED PETITIONER TO THE UPPER TERM OF THREE (3) YEARS ON COUNT FOUR (4). THE
17 IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE CONSISTED OF THE UPPER TERM OF THREE (3) YEARS DOUBLE TO
18 SIX (6) YEARS AND TWO (2) ADDITIONAL YEARS FOR PRIOR IMPRISONMENT. PETITIONER
19 CONTEND THAT THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED A TOTAL SENTENCE OF EIGHT (8) YEARS AT SAID
20 SENTENCE TO BE SERVED AT 80%. PETITIONER ARTICULATES THAT IMPOSITION OF THE UPPER
21 TERM OF THREE (3) YEARS ON COUNT FOUR (4) [PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSION
22 AMMUNITION/FIREARM] BASED ON FACTS NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT
23 IS VIOLATIVE OF HIS SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT GUARANTEED PURSUANT TO THE
24 UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION. IN ADDITIONAL, PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA DSL THE MIDDLE
25 TERM IS THE STATUTORY MAXIMUM THE TRIAL COURT JUDGE COULD IMPOSE BASED ON FACTS
26 NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT. PETITIONER FURTHER CONTEND THAT
27 TRIAL COUNSEL WAS INEFFECTIVE BASED ON THE FACT, COUNSEL ALLOWED PETITIONER TO
28 PLEA GUILTY TO IMPOSITION OF THE UPPER TERM A UNCONSTITUTIONAL SENTENCE.

After Several Sentence Hearings (See ATTACHED EXHIBITS) Petitioner was sentenced to the term aforementioned. Petitioners trial counsel Failed To Object to the Imposition of the upper term (Doubled) plus 2 years of enhancements. For a total of 8 years. His Attorney Failed to Object to the denial of His motion to withdraw His Plea And the denial of His Mansden Hearing (See ATTACHED EXHIBITS) Finally His trial Counsel Did not File a timely notice of APPEAL, nor inform Petitioner of the Right to File Within 60 days.

Petitioner is a Layman At Law with no formal training or expertise in law, thus His APPEAL was lost forever because of the Actions of His trial Counsel.

Petitioner Has no other remedy except by way of Petition For Writ of HABEAS CORPUS.

This Petition Has been denied by the Superior Court, and the 4th District Court of Appeal, those denials are ATTACHED by way of Exhibit

Prayer For Relief

Petitioner, Herein Respectfully Requests this Honorable Court to Issue the Writ, Directing the Superior Court of San Diego to Amend the Abstract of Judgement, to reflect the middle term of 2 years doubled to 4 years plus the 2 year enhancement for a total of 6 years.

Or in the ALTERNATIVE grant Petitioner A Show Cause Hearing in this Court. And to Appoint Counsel to brief And Argue His case before the court. or grant Him Any other relief that is in the best interest of Justice And FAIR PLAY.

Petition is A LAYMAN AT LAW, And He asks the Court to view the matter in that respect, And to not be so strict as to deny Him For Any procedural errors or mistakes but rather on the merits of His CLAIMS.

Respectfully Submitted

5/22/07 Michael A Yancey

Michael Anthony Yancey

1 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

2 I.

3 PETITIONER'S RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL AND DUE PROCESS OF LAW WERE
4 VIOLATED WHEN THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED THE UPPER TERM OF IMPRISONMENT
5 BASED ON FACTS NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT

6 ON COUNT FOUR (4), PETITIONER WAS SENTENCED TO THE UPPER TERM OF THREE YEARS
7 (DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS). ALSO, PETITIONER WAS SENTENCED TO TWO (2) YEARS ADDITIONALLY
8 FOR PRIOR PRISON COMMITMENTS FOR A TOTAL TERM OF EIGHT (8) YEARS AT 80%.

9 A. INTRODUCTION-THE BLAKELY DECISION AND ITS IMPLICATIONS

0 ON JUNE 24, 2004, THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES DECIDED BLAKELY V.
1 WASHINGTON, 542 U.S. 296, 124 S. Ct. 2531, 159 L. Ed. 2d 403. THE COURT'S DECISION
2 IN BLAKELY RENDERS UNCONSTITUTIONAL PORTIONS OF CALIFORNIA'S DETERMINATE SENTENCING
3 SCHEME, INCLUDING THE PROVISION OF PENAL CODE SECTION §1170(b) WHICH AUTHORIZES
4 JUDGES, NOT JURIES TO MAKE FACTUAL FINDINGS IN CONNECTION WITH AGGRAVATING FACTORS
5 USED TO IMPOSED THE UPPER TERM. THE SENTENCING COURT IN THIS CASE IMPOSED THE
6 UPPER TERM BASED UPON FACTUAL FINDINGS WHICH WERE NOT FOUND BY A JURY. THE TRIAL
7 COURT ALSO ERRED IN FAILING TO APPLY THE PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT STANDARD
8 TO IT FACTUAL FINDINGS. THUS, PETITIONER'S SENTENCE WAS IMPOSED IN VIOLATION OF
9 HIS' FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL AND PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE
DOUBT. (SEE U.S. CONST., AMEND. VI AND XIV.)

II.

PETITIONER HAD A FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL,
AND PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT, WITH RESPECT TO FACTS
UNDERLYING THE AGGRACATING FATORS USED TO IMPOSE THE UPPER
TERM

IN THE SEMINAL CASE OF APPRENDI V. NEW JERSEY, (2000) 530 U.S. 466, THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES HELD THAT THERE IS A FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL
RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL AND PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT "FOR ANY FACT (OTHER
THAN PRIOR CONVICTION) THAT INCREASES THE MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR A CRIME." (APPRENDI
530 U.S. at p. 476 (quoting JONES V. UNITED STATES (1999) 526 U.S. 227, 243 fn.6.)
IN LIGHT OF BLAKELY, IT IS NOW APPARENT THAT THERE IS A FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL
RIGHT TO AJURY TRIAL, AND PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT, ON AGGRAVATING FACTORS
USED TO IMPOSE THE UPPER TERM UNDER CALIFORNIA'S DSL.

III.

THE RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL APPLIES TO FACTS USED TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE ABOVE THE STATUTORY MAXIMUM

IN APPRENDI, THE COURT HELD THAT THE DEFENDANT HAD A CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL ON THE FACTUAL UNDERLYING THE NEW JERSEY HATE-CRIME ENHANCEMENT APPLIED TO HIS SENTENCE. THAT ENHANCEMENT RAISED THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE FROM 10 YEARS TO 20 YEARS UPON A FINDING THAT THE OFFENSE WAS COMMITTED WITH THE INTENT TO INTIMIDATE BECAUSE OF THE VICTIM'S RACE, COLOR, GENDER, HANDICAP, AND VARIOUS OTHER STATUTES. (Id. at pp. 468-469.) TWO YEARS LATER, IN RING V. ARIZONA (2002) 536 U.S. 584, 592-593 and n. 1) THE COURT "APPLIED APPRENDI TO AN ARIZONA LAW THAT AUTHORIZED THE DEATH PENALTY IF THE JUDGE FOUND ONE OF TEN AGGRAVATING FACTORS." (BLAKELY, SUPRA, 540 U.S. 296, 124 S. Ct. 2531, 159 L. Ed. 2d 403.) [CITING APPRENDI 530 U.S. at 491-497; RING, 536 U.S. at 603-609])

IN APPLYING THESE PRECEDENTS TO THE STATE SENTENCING GUIDELINES AT ISSUE IN BLAKELY, THE COURT CLARIFIED THAT "THE 'STATUTORY MAXIMUM' FOR APPRENDI PURPOSES IS THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE A JUDGE MAY IMPOSE "SOLELY ON THE BASIS OF THE FACTS REFLECTED IN THE JURY VERDICT (NO JURY IN THIS CASE)". (BLAKELY, SUPRA, 542 U.S. 296, 124 S. Ct. 2531, 159 L. Ed. 2d 403.) [EMPHASIS IN ORIG. AND CITING RING, HARRIS AND APPRENDI.] STATED ANOTHER WAY, "THE RELEVANT 'STATUTORY MAXIMUM' IS NOT THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE A JUDGE MAY IMPOSE AFTER FINDING ADDITIONAL FACTS, BUT THE MAXIMUM HE MAY IMPOSE WITHOUT ANY ADDITIONAL FINDINGS."

IV.

UNDER CALIFORNIA'S DSL, THE APPLICABLE "STATUTORY MAXIMUM" IS THE MIDDLE TERM SENTENCE

UNDER CALIFORNIA'S DETERMINATE SENTENCING LAW, THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE A JUDGE MAY IMPOSE WITHOUT ANY ADDITIONAL FINDINGS IS THE MIDDLE TERM. "WHEN A JUDGEMENT OF IMPRISONMENT IS TO BE IMPOSED AND THE STATUTE SPECIFIES THREE POSSIBLE TERMS, THE COURT SHALL ORDER IMPOSITION OF THE MIDDLE TERM, UNLESS THERE ARE CIRCUMSTANCES IN AGGRAVATION OR MITIGATION OF THE CRIME." (PENAL CODE §1170(b); SEE ALSO CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 4.420(a) & (b); cf., e.g. PEOPLE V. PICENO (1987) 195 CAL. APP. 3d

1 1353, 1360.) BECAUSE THE MAXIMUM TERM WITHOUT THE FINDING IS THE MIDDLE TERM, THE
2 UPPER TERM MAY NOT BE IMPOSED WHERE, AS IN THIS CASE, THE AGGRAVATING FACTORS WERE
3 NOT FOUND BY A JURY.

4 V.

5 UNDER BLAKELY V. WASHINGTON INCREASE SENTENCING BASED ON A JUDGE-
6 MADE FACTUAL FINDING IS IMPROPER, EVEN IF THE FACT RELATED TO A
7 PRIOR CONVICTION; ALMENDAREZ-TORRES V. UNITED STATES DOES NOT
8 HOLD OTHERWISE

9 PRIOR TO BLAKELY, THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT IN ALMENDAREZ-TORRES V. UNITED
10 STATES (1998) 523 U.S. 224, 246-247, THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HELD THERE
11 WAS NO SIXTH AMENDMENT RIGHT TO JURY TRIAL ON THE FACT OF A PRIOR CONVICTION FOR
12 RECIDIVIST STATUTE. THE DEFENDANT IN ALMENDAREZ-TORRES ARGUED THAT THE FACT OF HIS
13 PRIOR CONVICTION, WHICH WAS USED TO INCREASE HIS PUNISHMENT, WAS AN ELEMENT OF HIS
14 OFFENSE AND SHOULD HAVE BEEN CHARGED IN THE INDICTMENT. THE UNITED SUPREME COURT
15 REJECTED THIS ARGUMENT, HOLDING THAT THE FACT OF THE PRIOR CONVICTION WAS A
16 SENTENCE FACTOR, AND NOT A SEPARATE ELEMENT OF THE CRIME TO BE CHARGE IN THE
17 INDICTMENT. (ALMENDAREZ-TORRES V. UNITED STATES, SUPRA, 523 U.S. at p. 243; UNITED
18 STATES V. TIGHE (9th Cir., 2001) 266 F. 3d 1187, 1193.)

19 VI.

20 THE FACT USED TO IMPOSE THE UPPER TERM IN THIS CASE IS ANALOGOUS
21 TO THE FACT USED TO APPLY THE EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE IN BLAKELY
22 AND CUNNINGHAM

23 CALIFORNIA'S DSL AND WASHINGTON'S GUIDELINES BOTH CONSTITUTIONAL PERMIT JUDGES
24 TO IMPOSE SENTENCES ABOVE A STATUTORY MAXIMUM ON BASIS OF FACTS NEITHER FOUND BY A
25 JURY NOR ADMITTED BY VIRTUE OF THE PETITIONER'S GUILTY PLEA. IN ALL PERTINENT
RESPECT, CALIFORNIA'S SENTENCING SCHEME AND ITS APPLICATION IN THE CURRENT CASE
SUFFER FROM DEFECTS AS THE WASHINGTON SCHEME DID UNTIL THE UNITED STATES SUPREME
COURT RECENTLY STRUCT IT DOWN IN CUNNINGHAM V. CALIFORNIA.

26 IN BLAKELY, THE DEFENDANT HAD PLED GUILTY TO SECOND-DEGREE KIDNAPPING AND ALSO
27 ADMITTED A FIREARM ENHANCEMENT. AS A "CLASS "B" FELONY", SECOND DEGREE KIDNAPPING
28 WAS SUBJECT TO AN ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM OF TEN YEARS. BUT THE "STANDARD RANGE" FOR

1 SECOND-DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH A FIREARM WAS FORTY-NINE (49) TO FIFTY-THREE (53)
2 MONTHS. WASHINGTON'S STATUTORY LAW PROVIDED THAT A COURT COULD IMPOSE A SENTENCE
3 GREATER THAN THE "STATUTORY RANGE" (BUT STILL WITHIN THE TEN (10) YEARS CAP) ONLY
4 IF IT FOUND "STANDARD AND/OR SUBSTANTIAL AND COMPELLING REASONS JUSTIFYING AN
5 EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE). THE STATUTE PROVIDE A NON-EXHAUSTIVE LIST OF "AGGRAVATING
6 FACTORS" WHICH COULD JUSTIFY SUCH A "DEPARTURE" FROM THE STANDARD RANGE. THE TRIAL
7 COURT IMPOSED AN EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE OF NINETY (90) MONTHS---THIRTY-SEVEN (37)
8 MONTHS ABOVE THE STANDARD RANGE-BASED UPON THE JUDGE'S FINDING THAT BLAKELY ACTED
9 WITH "DELIBERATE CRUELTY", ONE OF THE ENUMERATED AGGRAVATING FACTORS. (BLAKELY,
10 (2004) 542 U.S. 296, 124 S. Ct. 2531, 159 L. Ed. 2d 403)

11 THE SUPREME COURT HELD THAT THE TRIAL COURT'S FINDINGS OF THE AGGRAVATING
12 FACTORS VIOLATED APPRENDI'S RULE ENTITLING A DEFENDANT TO JURY DETERMINATION OF ANY
13 FACTS EXPOSING A DEFENDANT TO GREATER PUNISHMENT THAN THE MAXIMUM OTHERWISE
14 ALLOWABLE FOR UNDERLYING OFFENSE. THE COURT REJECTED THE STATE'S ASSERTION THAT
15 RELEVANT MAXIMUM WAS THE TEN (10) YEARS CAP FOR A CLASS "B" FELONY. INSTEAD, THE
16 MAJORITY TREATED THE TOP END OF THE STANDARD RANGE (53 MONTHS) AS THE RELEVANT
17 STATUTORY MAXIMUM, BECAUSE THAT WAS THE GREATEST SENTENCE BLAKELY COULD RECEIVE
18 BASED ON THE FACTS ADMITTED BY HIS PLEA. (BLAKELY) AS WITH THE "STANDARD RANGE" IN
19 BLAKELY, THE MIDDLE TERM UNDER CALIFORNIA'S DSL IS THE PRESUMPTIVE SENTENCE AND AS
20 WITH THE EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE IN BLAKELY, A CALIFORNIA COURT LACK STATUTORY
21 AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE AN UPPER TERM UNLESS IT FINDS AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES BEYOND
22 THE ELEMENTS INHERENT IN THE OFFENSE ITSELF. (CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 4.420,
23 SUBD. (d).) LIKE WASHINGTON STATUTES, THE CALIFORNIA RULES PROVIDE A LIST OF
24 ENUMERATED AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES (CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 4.421), BUT THE
25 LIST IS NOT EXCLUSIVE AND THE COURT MAY RELY UPON AN NON-ENUMERATED CIRCUMSTANCE
26 "REASONABLY RELATED" TO THE SENTENCING DECISION. (CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 4.408,
27 SUBD. (a); SEE ALSO PEOPLE V. GARCIA (1989) 209 CAL. APP. 3d 790, 794-795; compare
28 BLAKELY.) AS WITH THE WASHINGTON SCHEME, THE COURT MUST MAKE EXPLICIT FACTUAL

1 FINDING. (PENAL CODE SECTION §1170, SUBD. (c); RULE 4.420(e).)

2 TURNING TO THE PETITIONER'S CASE, THE CALIFORNIA'S DSL PROVIDE THAT THE LOWER,

3 MIDDLE AND HIGH TERMS FOR COUNT FOUR (4) [PERSON PROHIBITED OWNING/POSSESSION

4 AMMUNITION/FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF PENAL CODE SECTION §12316(B)(1)] IS SIXTEEN (16)

5 MONTHS, TWO, OR THREE YEARS (16 mos., 2 or 3 YEARS). GIVEN THE IMPOSITION OF THE

6 UPPER TERM SENTENCE, THE COURT SELECTION OF THE UPPER TERM INCREASED PETITIONER'S

7 PUNISHMENT/SENTENCE BY TWO (2) YEARS BASED ON THE FACTS THE MIDDLE TERM IS TWO (2)

8 YEARS BUT THE COURT IMPOSE THE UPPER TERM THREE YEARS DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS. TO MAKE

9 THIS CLEAR TO THE COURT, HAD THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED THE MIDDLE TERM OF TWO (2)

10 YEARS DOUBLE TO FOUR YAERS, PETITIONER'S SENTENCING WOULD HAVE BEEN FOUR YEARS PLUS

11 TWO YEARS FOR PRIOR PRISON COMMITMENT FOR A TOTAL SENTENCE OF SIX (6) YEARS

12 INSTEAD OF EIGHT (8)YEARS. PETITIONER CONTEND THAT THE TWO YEARS IMPOSE WAS BASED

13 ON AGGRAVATING FACTORS THAT WERE NOT FOUND TRUE BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT AND WERE

14 NOT DETERMINE BY A JURY.

15 THUS, THE FACTS UNDERLYING THE AGGRAVATING FACTORS WERE NOT FOUND BY A JURY

16 AND THE UPPER TERM OF THREE YEARS (DOUBLE) WAS IMPOSED IN VIOLATION OF BLAKELY AND

17 CUNNINGHAM. MOREOVER, THE SENTENCING WAS CONDUCTED IN AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL FASHION /

18 BECAUSE THE COURT DECIDED THE FACTS UNDER A "PREPONDERANCE STANDARD", INSTEAD OF

19 UNDER A "REASONABLE DOUBT STANDARD". ALTHOUGH THE SENTENCING COURT DID NOT EXPRESSLY

20 STATE WHAT STANDARD OF PROOF IT WAS APPLYING, IT MUST BE PRESUME THAT IT APPLIED

21 THE PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE STANDARD SET FORTH IN RULE 4.420(b) OF THE

22 CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT. (PEOPLE V. SCOTT (1994) 9 CAL. 4th 331, 349, PREPONDERANCE

23 STANDARD APPLIES) BECAUSE PETITIONER HAD A CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL ON

24 THE AGGRAVATING FACTORS, THE COURT ERRED IN APPLYING THE LESSER STANDARD OF PROOF.

25 (SEE UNITED STATES V. VELASCO-HEREDIA (9th Cir. 2003) 319 F. 3d 1080, 1085

26 [APPRENDI ERROR OCCURRED WHEN TRIAL COURT USED PREPONDERANCE STANDARD AT SENTENCING

27 TO DETERMINE THE UPPER TERM].)

28 IN SUM, THE PARALLELS BETWEEN THIS CASE AND BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM AFFIRMS THAT

1 THE APPRENDI, BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM DOCTRINE APPLIES TO CALIFORNIA'S DETERMINATE
 2 SENTENCING SCHEME. MOREOVER, THE APPLICATION OF THE DSL IN THIS CASE VIOLATES THE
 3 PRINCIPLES OF THE SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT AS SET FORTH IN APPRENDI, BLAKELY
 4 AND CUNNINGHAM.

5 1. THE ISSUE WAS NOT WAIVED

6 PETITIONER CONTEND THAT A DEFENDANT CAN WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL, BUT
 7 ANY WAIVER MUST BE KNOWING, INTELLIGENT AND EXPRESSLY APPEARING IN THE RECORDS.

8 (BOYKIN V. ALABAMA (1969) 395 U.S. 238, BRADY V. UNITED STATES (1970) 397 U.S. 742)
 9 PETITIONER DID NOT WAIVE HIS RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL ON THE FACTS USED AND/OR
 10 CONSIDERED BY THE JUDGE TO IMPOSE THE UPPER TERM OF THREE YEARS (DOUBLE).

11 IN SEVERAL CASES OVER THE PAST DECADE, THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT HAS HELD
 12 THAT A FAILURE TO OBJECT CANNOT WAIVE "CERTAIN FUNDAMENTAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS",
 13 SUCH AS DOUBLE JEOPARDY AND THE RIGHT TO JURY TRIAL, EVEN THOUGH THAT OMISSION MAY
 14 FORFEIT APPELLATE REVIEW OF RELATED STATE STATUTORY CLAIMS. IN PEOPLE V. SAUNDERS,
 15 SUPRA, 5 CAL 4th 580, THE COURT APPLIED THAT DISTINCTION TO A DEFENDANT FAILURE TO
 16 OBJECT TO THE DISCHARGE OF THE JURY, PRIOR TO THE ADJUDICATION OF CHARGED PRIORS.
 17 THAT OMISSION DID NOT WAIVE THE RIGHT TO RAISE FUNDAMENTAL CLAIMS OF DOUBLE
 18 JEOPARDY AND JURY TRIAL. "PETITIONER'S FAILURE TO OBJECT ALSO WOULD NOT PRECLUDE
 19 HIS ASSERTING IN A PETITION THAT HE WAS DENIED HIS' CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A JURY
 20 TRIAL. [CITATIONS] (Id. at 589 n. 5; SEE ALSO PEOPLE V. VALLADOLI (1996) 13 CAL.
 21 4th 590, 606 [REFUSING TO FIND WAIVER OF DOUBLE JEOPARDY CLAIM].) AS THE COURT
 22 SUMMARIZED IN A LATER OPINION:

23 NOT ALL CLAIMS OF ERRORS ARE PROHIBITED IN THE ABSENCE OF A
 24 TIMELY OBJECTION IN THE TRIAL COURT. A DEFENDANT IS NOT PRECLUDED
 25 FROM RAISING FOR THE FIRST TIME ON APPEAL/PETITION A CLAIM
 26 ASSERTING THE DEPRIVING OF CERTAIN FUNDAMENTAL CONSTITUTIONAL
 27 RIGHTS. (SEE SAUNDERS, 5 CAL. 4th at 592 [PLEA OF ONCE IN
 JEOPARDY]; PEOPLE V. HOMES (1960) 54 CAL. 3d [1013] 1022-1023
 [NONCONSTITUTIONAL OF CLAIM THAT TRIAL COURT FAILED TO ADVISE
 OF THE CONSEQUENCE OF GUILTY PLEA SUBJECTS DEFENDANT'S CLAIM
 TO RULE THAT ERROR IS WAIVED ABSENT TIMELY OBJECTION].)
 28 (PEOPLE V. VERA (1997) 15 CAL. 4th 269, 276-277)

//

1 BECAUSE PETITIONER'S BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM CLAIM CONTESTS THE DENIAL OF THE
2 SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS TO A JURY TRIAL ON AGGRAVATING FACTORS TO
3 EXPOSE A DEFENDANT/PETITIONER TO AN UPPER TERM, IT COME WITHIN THE SAUNDERS-
4 VALLODOLI-VERA RULE: A LACK OF OBJECTION SHOULD NOT FORFEIT PETITIONER REVIEW OF
5 DENIAL OF THIS "FUNDAMENTAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT". MOREOVER, FAILURE TO OBJECT
6 SHOULD NOT WAIVE THE ERROR BECAUSE SUCH OBJECTION WOULD HAVE BEEN FUTILE AT THE
7 TIME. (SEE PEOPLE V. HILL (1998) 17 CAL. 800, 820; PEOPLE V. ABBASZADEH (2003) 106
8 CAL. APP. 4th 642, 648-649.) THE FUTILITY EXCEPTION SHOULD APPLY WHERE THE
9 STATUTORY OR CASE BINDING THE LOWER COURT AT THE TIME WOULD HAVE PRECLUDED THE
10 CLAIM, (PEOPLE V. BIRKS (1998) 19 CAL. 4th 108, 116 n. 6 [NO WAIVER WHERE LOWER
11 COURT WAS BOUND BY HIGHER COURT ON ISSUE].) UNTIL JUNE 24, 2004 AND JANUARY 2007,
12 IT WOULD HAVE BEEN POINTLESS TO DEMAND A JURY TRIAL OR A REASONABLE DOUBT STANDARD
13 ON DSL AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES, SINCE CALIFORNIA STATUTORY AND CASE LAW
14 UNEQIVOCALLY PRESCRIBED JUDICIAL FACTFINDING UNDER A PREPONDERANCE STANDARD. (CAL.
15 RULES OF COURT, RULE 4.420, SUBD. (b); PEOPLE V. JACKSON (1987) 196 CAL. APP. 3d
16 380, 391.) EVEN IN THE CONTEXT OF EVIDENTIARY CLAIM (WHERE THE COURTS HAVE GENERALLY
17 ENFORCED WAIVER RULES MOST STRICTLY), THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT HAS ALLOWED
18 REVIEW OF UNRAISED CLAIMS BASED ON "SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE LAW": THOUGH
19 EVIDENTIARY CHALLENGES ARE USUALLY WAIVED UNLESS TIMELY RAISED IN TRIAL COURT, THIS
20 NOT SO WHEN THE PERTINENT LAW LATER CHANGED SO UNFORESEEABLY THAT IT IS UNREASONABLE
21 TO EXPECT TRIAL COUNSEL TO HAVE ANTICIPATED THE CHANGE. (PEOPLE V. TURNER (1990)
22 50 CAL. 3d 668, 703.) THIS IS SUCH A CASE, AND A FINDING THAT IT WAS WAIVED WOULD
23 BE INAPPROPRIATE.

24 BECAUSE PETITIONER'S BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM ERROR IS A "STRUCTURAL DEFECT",
25 NOT AMENDABLE TO HARMLESS ERROR REVIEW, BECAUSE THE WRONG ENTITY, THE JUDGE RATHER
26 THAN THE JURY, HAD ADJUDICATED AGGRAVATING FACTORS AND HAS APPLIED THE WRONG
27 STANDARD OF PROOF. (SULLIVAN V. LOUISIANA (1993) 508 U.S. 275.) IN SULLIVAN, JUSTICE
28 SCALIA EXPLAINED THAT THE ERROR IN THE CASE-MISINSTRUCTION ON THE DEFINITION OF

1 PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT. HARMLESS ERROR ANALYSIS, UNDER CHAPMAN V. CALIFORNIA
2 (1967) 386 U.S. 18, 24, EXAMINES, NOT WHAT EFFECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL ERROR MIGHT
3 GENERALLY BE EXPECTED TO HAVE UPON A REASONABLE JURY. BECAUSE THE ERROR WITH
4 RESPECT TO THE REASONABLE DOUBT INSTRUCTION MEANT, "THERE HAS BEEN NO JURY WITHIN
5 THE MEANING OF THE SIXTH AMENDMENT, THE ENTIRE PREMISE OF CHAPMAN REVIEW IS SIMPLY
6 ABSENT." (Id. at p. 208)

7 IN THIS CASE BEFORE THE COURT, AS IN SULLIVAN, THERE WAS NO VERDICT--BY A JUDGE
8 OR JURY BASED UPON REASONABLE DOUBT. THERE IS OBJECT, SO TO SPEAK, UPON WHICH
9 HARMLESS-ERROR SCRUNINY CAN OPERATE AND "RESENTENCING TO THE TRIAL COURT FOR THE
10 LOWER AND/OR THE MIDDLE TERM IS MANDATORY." (Ibid. SEE ALSO PEOPLE V. ORELLANO,
11 (2000) 79 CAL. APP. 4th 179, 186.) SINCE THERE IS NO WAY OF KNOWING WHETHER THE
12 JURY APPLIED THE CORRECT BURDEN OF PROOF, THE PETITIONER'S UPPER TERM SENTENCE OF
13 THREE (3) YEARS DOUBLE MUST BE CORRECTED....AND RESENTENCE TO THE LOWER AND/OR
14 MIDDLE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.

15 WHILE IT IS TRUE THAT FAILURE TO INSTRUCT A JURY ON A SINGLE ELEMENT IS SUBJECT
16 TO CHAPMAN HARMLESS ERROR ANALYSIS AND IS NOT PERSE REVERSIBLE. (NEDER V. UNITED
17 STATES, (1999) 527 U.S. 1; PEOPLE V. FLOOD, (1998) 18 CAL. 4th 470.) BUT IN NEDER
18 AND FLOOD A JURY WAS SEATED AND REACHED VERDICTS, AND ONLY ONE ELEMENT/FACT WAS NOT
19 DECIDED BY THE JURY BECAUSE OF MIS-INSTRUCTION. (NEDER, 527 U.S. at 4; FLOOD, 18
20 CAL. 4th at 475.) IN THIS CASE, NO JURY AT ALL WAS SEATED FOR PETITIONER'S
21 SENTENCING WHICH, UNDER BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM, IS NOW BETTER DESCRIBED AS A
22 PENALTY TRIAL AND NONE OF THE AGGRAVATING FACTORS WAS DECIDED BY A JURY. BECAUSE
23 THE PETITIONER WAS DENIED A JURY VERDICT ON ANY AGGRAVATING FACTORS USED TO IMPOSE
24 THE UPPER TERM THE ERROR IS AND MUST BE CONSIDERED STRUCTURAL AND AUTOMATICALLY
25 CORRECTABLE/REMANDABLE.

26 PETITIONER FURTHER CONTEND EVEN IF THE ERROR IS NOT STRUCTURAL CORRECTION AND/
27 OR REMAND IS REQUIRED BECAUSE IT WAS NOT HARMLESS. THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT AND
28 FEDERAL COURTS HAVE HELD THAT CONVENTIONAL APPRENDI ERRORS ARE SUBJECT TO THE

1 CHAPMAN STANDARD. (PEOPLE V. SENGPADYCHITH (2001) 26 CAL. 4th 316, 324; PEOPLE V.
2 SCOTT (2001) 91 CAL. APP. 4th 1197, 1209-1211; UNITED STATES V. GARCIA-GUIZAR (9th
3 Cir 2000) 234 F. 3d 483, 488-489.) UNDER CHAPMAN, THE STATE MUST PROVIDE THAT THE
4 ERROR IS HARMLESS BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT. (CHAPMAN, SUPRA, 386 U.S. at 24.) WHEN
5 APPLYING THIS STANDARD IN THE CONTEXT OF AN ERROR AFFECTING THE RIGHT TO A JURY
6 TRIAL ON ELEMENTS OR ENHANCEMENTS, A REVIEWING COURT SIMPLY ASK WHETHER THERE
7 "OVERWHELMING EVIDENCE" SUPPORTING THE FINDINGS IN QUESTION. A MORE RIGOROUS FORM
8 OF CHAPMAN ANALYSIS, FOCUSING ON WHAT IS REQUIRED AND THE ERROR IS NOT HARMLESS IF
9 THE OMITTED ELEMENT IS SUSCEPTIBLE TO DISPUTE. IF AT THE END OF THAT EXAMINATION
10 [REVIEWING] COURT CANNOT CONCLUDE BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT THAT THE JURY VERDICT
11 WOULD HAVE BEEN THE SAME ABSENT THE ERROR FOR EXAMPLE, WHERE THE DEFENDANT/PETITIONER
12 CONTESTED THE OMITTED ELEMENTS AND RAISED EVIDENCE SUFFICIENT TO SUPPORT A CONTRARY
13 FINDING IT SHOULD FIND THE ERROR HARMLESS. (NEDER, SUPRA, 527 U.S. at 19)

14 IN THE CASE BEFORE THIS HONORABLE COURT, THERE IS NO PROPERLY DETERMINATION ON
15 ANY AGGRAVATING FACTORS AND NO WAY OF SAYING THAT A JURY WOULD HAVE NECESSARY FOUND
16 THE AGGRAVATING FACTORS TO BE TRUE "BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT". PETITIONER CONTEST
17 THE APPLICATION OF ANY AGGRAVATION FACTORS AND ARGUE THAT HE SHOULD HAVE HIS'
18 UPPER TERM SENTENCE OF THREE YEARS DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS CORRECTED TO THE LOWER TERM
19 AND/OR THE MIDDLE TERM. BY TREATING ANY FACTUAL STATEMENT AS PERSONABLE ACCURATE
20 THE COURT RELIEVED THE GOVERNMENT OF ITS BURDEN IN ALLOWING A JURY TO PROVE ANY
21 AGGRAVATING FACTORS BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT.

22 THUS, THIS COURT CANNOT CONCLUDE BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT THAT THE OUTCOME OF
23 PETITIONER BEING SENTENCE TO THE UPPER TERM HAD IT BEEN THE SAME ABSENT THE ERROR,
24 AND THE ERROR CANNOT BE DEEMED HARMLESS.

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1 VII.
2 CALIFORNIA'S DETERMINATE SENTENCING (DSL), WHICH AUTHORIZED THE
3 JUDGE, NOT THE JURY, TO FIND FACTS BY PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE
4 EXPOSING A DEFENDANT/PETITIONER TO AN ELEVATED UPPER TERM SENTENCE
5 VIOLATES DEFENDANT/PETITIONER'S ROGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY. (U.S.
6 C.A. CONST. VI, XIV)

7 PETITIONER CONTEND THAT THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED A UNCONSTITUTIONAL SENTENCE BY
8 IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE TO THREE YEARS (DOUBLE TO SIX) BASED ON AGGRAVATING FACTORS
9 NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT. AS IN BLAKELY (DISCUSSED EARLIER
10 HEREIN) THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT RECENTLY HELD IN CUNNINGHAM V. CALIFORNIA,
11 S. Ct. WL 135687 (U.S. 2007) THAT CALIFORNIA'S DTERMINATE SENTENCING LAW
12 (DSL) WHICH AUTHORIZED THE JUDGE, NOT THE JURY, TO FIND FACTS BY A PREPONDERANCE OF
13 THE EVIDENCE EXPOSING A DEFENDANT TO AN ELEVATED UPPER TERM SENTENCE VIOLATED THE
14 DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY. (SEE U.S.C.A. AMEND. VI, XIV) EXCEPT FOR A PRIOR
15 CONVICTION, ANY FACT THAT INCREASE THE PENALTY FOR A CRIME BEYOND THE PRESCRIBED
16 STATUTORY MAXIMUM MUST BE SUBMITTED TO A JURY, AND PROVED BEYOND A REASONABLE
17 DOUBT. (SEE CONST. AMEND. VI.) THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT FURTHER HELD AND
18 STATED: "THE DSL, BY PLACING SENTENCING-ELEVATING FACTFINDINGS WITHIN THE JUDGE'S
19 PROVINCE, VIOLATES A DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY SAFEGAURD BY THE SIXTH
20 AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION.

21 PETITIONER CUNNINGHAM WAS TRIED AND CONVICTED OF CONTINUOUS SEXUAL ABUSE OF A
22 CHILD UNDER 14... UNDER CALIFORNIA'S DETERMINATE SENTENCING LAW (DSL), THAT OFFENSE
23 IS PUNISHMENT BY ONE OF THREE PRECISE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT: A LOWER TERM SENTENCE
24 OF 6 YEARS, A MIDDLE TERM OF SENTENCE OF 12 YEARS, OR AN UPPER TERM SENTENCE OF 16
25 YEARS. THE DSL OBLIGATED THE TRIAL JUDGE TO SENTENCE CUNNINGHAM TO THE 12 YEARS
26 MIDDLE TERM UNLESS THE JUDGE FOUND ONE OR MORE ADDITIONAL "CIRCUMSTANCES IN
27 AGGRAVATION". COURT RULES ADOPTED TO IMPLEMENT THE DSL DEFINE "CIRCUMSTANCE IN
28 AGGRAVATION" AS FACTS JUSTIFYING THE UPPER TERM. THOSE FACTS, THE RULES PROVIDED,
MUST BE ESTABLISHED BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE. BASED ON A POST-TRIAL
SENTENCING HEARING, THE JUDGE FOUND BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE SIX

1 AGGRAVATING FACTS, INCLUDING THE PARTICULAR VULNERABILITY OF THE VICTIM, AND ONE
2 MITIGATING FACT, THAT CUNNINGHAM HAD NO RECORD OF PRIOR CRIMINAL CONDUCT. CONCLUDING
3 THAT THE AGGRAVATOTS OUTWEIGHED THE SOLE MITIGATOR, THE JUDGE SENTENCED CUNNINGHAM
4 TO THE UPPER TERM OF 16 YEARS. THE CALIFORNIA COURT OF APPEALS AFFIRMED. THE STATE
5 SUPREME COURT DENIED REVIEW, BUT IN A DECISION PUBLISHED NINE DAYS EARLIER, IN
6 PEOPLE V. BLACK, 35 CAL. 4th 1230, 113 P. 3d 534, THAT COURT HELD THAT THE DSL
7 SURVIVED SIXTH AMENDMENT INSPECTION.

8 TURNING TO THE CURRENT CASE, PETITIONER ENTERED IN A PLEA AGREEMENT AT THE
9 ADVICE OF HIS COUNSEL BUT NO JURY WAS PRESENT FOR ANY FACTS FOR THE PURPOSES OF
10 SENTENCING. UPON SENTENCING BY THE TRIAL COURT JUDGE, PETITIONER WAS SENTENCED TO
11 THE UPPER TERM OF THREE YEARS (DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS) ON COUNT FOUR AS THE PRINCIPLE
12 TERM. THUS, IMPOSITION OF THE UPPER TERM SENTENCE BY THE JUDGE AND NOT A JURY
13 BEING GIVEN THE OPPORTUNITY TO FIND TRUE THE FACT USED IN AGGRAVATION BEYOND A
14 REASONABLE DOUBT IS CLEARLY IN VIOLATION OF PETITIONER'S SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH
15 AMENDMENT RIGHT PROTECTED UNDER THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AS THE COURT HAVE
16 REPEATEDLY HELD IN BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM. IN APPRENDI V. NEW JERSEY AS STATED
17 EARLIER HEREIN, THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HELD THAT, UNDER THE SIXTH
18 AMENDMENT, ANY FAT (OTHER THAN A PRIOR CONVICTION) THAT EXPOSES A DEFENDANT TO A
19 SENTENCE IN EXCESS OF THE RELEVANT STATUTORY MAXIMUM MUST BE FOUND BY A JURY, NOT
20 A JUDGE, AND ESTABLISHED BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT, NOT MERELY BY A PREPONDERANCE
21 OF THE EVIDENCE. (Id. 530 U.S. 466, 490, 120 S.Ct. 2348, 147 L. Ed. 2d 435.) THE
22 COURT HAS APPLIED THE RULE OF APPRENDI TO FACTS SUBJECTING A DEFENDANT TO THE
23 DEATH PENALTY, RING V. ARIZONA, 536 U.S. 584, 602, 609, 122 S. Ct. 2428, 153 L. Ed.
24 2d 556, FACTS PERMITTING A SENTENCE IN EXCESS OF THE STANDARD RANGE UNDER
25 WASHINGTON'S SENTENCING REFORM ACT (REFORM ACT), BLAKELY V. WASHINGTON, 542 U.S.
26 296, 304-305, 124 S. Ct. 2531, 159 L. Ed. 2d 403 AND FACTS TRIGGERING A SENTENCE
27 RANGE ELEVATION UNDER THE THEN-MANDATORY FEDERAL SENTENCING GUIDELINES, UNITED V.
28 STATES V. BOOKER, 543 U.S. 220, 243-244, 125 S. Ct. 738, 160 L. Ed. 2d 621.

1 BLAKELY AND BOOKER BEAR MOST CLOSELY WITH PETITIONER'S CONTENTIONS CITED HEREIN.

2 BOOKER WAS SENTENCED UNDER THE FEDERAL SENTENCING GUIDELINES. THE FACTS FOUND
3 BY THE JURY YIELDED A BASED GUIDELINES RANGE OF 210 TO 262 MONTHS IMPRISONMENT, A
4 RANGE THE JUDGE COULD NOT EXCEED WITHOUT UNDERTAKING ADDITIONAL FACTFINDING. THE
5 JUDGE DID SO, MAKING A FINDING THAT BOOSTED BOOKER INTO A HIGHER GUIDELINES RANGE.
6 THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HELD BOOKER'S SENTENCE IMPERMISSIBLE UNDER THE
7 SIXTH AMENDMENT. THERE WAS "NO DISTINCTION OF CONSTITUTIONAL SIGNIFICANCE BETWEEN
8 THE FEDERAL SENTENCING GUIDELINES AND THE WASHINGTON PROCEDURES AT ISSUE IN BLAKELY
9 543 U.S. at 233. BOTH WERE "MANDATORY AND INPOSE[D] BINDING REQUIREMENTS ON ALL
10 SENTENCING JUDGES." (Ibid.) ALL THE HIGH COURT MEMBERS AGREED, HOWEVER, THAT THE
11 GUIDELINES WOULD NOT IMPLICATE THE SIXTH AMENDMENT IF THEY WERE ADVISORY. (Ibid.)
12 FACING THE REMEDIAL QUESTION, THE COURT CONCLUDED THAT RENDERING THE GUIDELINES
13 ADVISORY CAME CLOSEST TO WHAT CONGRESS WOULD HAVE INTENDED HAD IT KNOWN THAT THE
14 GUIDELINES WERE VULNERABLE TO A SIXTH AMENDMENT CHALLENGE. IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS
15 CALIFORNIA'S DSL RESEMBLES THE SENTENCING SYSTEM INVALIDATED IN BLAKELY AND BOOKER.
16 FOLLOWING THE REASONING IN THOSE CASES, THE MIDDLE TERM PRESCRIBED UNDER CALIFORNIA
17 LAW, NOT THE UPPER TERM, IS THE RELEVANT STATUTORY MAXIMUM. BECAUSE AGGRAVATING
18 FACTS THAT AUTHORIZE THE UPPER TERM ARE FOUND BY THE JUDGE, AND NEED ONLY BE
19 ESTABLISHED BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THE DSL VIOLATES THE RULE OF
20 APPRENDI.

PETITIONER ARTICULATES WHILE THAT SHOULD BE THE END OF THE MATTER, BLAKELY, 542 U.S. AT 313, IN PEOPLE V. BLACK, THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT INSISTED THAT THE DSL SURVIVES INSPECTION UNDER THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT'S PRECEDENTS. THE BLACK COURT REASONED THAT, GIVEN THE AMPLE DISCRETION AFFORDED TRIAL JUDGES TO IDENTIFY AGGRAVATING FACTS WARRANTING AN UPPER TERM SENTENCE, THE DSL DID NOT REPRESENT A LEGISLATIVE EFFORT TO SHIFT THE PROOF OF PARTICULAR FACT FROM ELEMENTS OF A CRIME (TO BE PROVED TO A JURY) TO SENTENCING FACTORS (TO BE DECIDED BY A JUDGE) 35 Cal. 4th, at 1255-1256, 29 Cal. Rptr. 3d 740, 113 P. 3d at 543-544. ULTIMATELY, THE

1 BLACK COURT RELIED ON AN EQUATION OF CALIFORNIA'S DSL TO THE POST-BOOKER FEDERAL
2 SYSTEM. THAT ATTEMPT COMPARISON IS UNAVAILING. THE BOOKER COURT HELD THE FEDERAL
3 GUIDELINES INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE SIXTH AMENDMENT BECAUSE THEY WERE MANDATORY AND
4 IMPOSE[D] BINDING REQUIREMENTS ON ALL SENTENCING JUDGES. (543 U.S. at 233) TO REMEDY
5 THE CONSTITUTIONAL INFIRMITY, THE COURT EXCISED PROVISIONS THAT RENDERED THE SYSTEM
6 MANDATORY, LEAVING THE GUIDELINES IN PLACE AS ADVISORY ONLY. THE DSL, HOWEVER, DOES
7 NOT RESEMBLE THE ADVISORY SYSTEM THE COURT IN BOOKER HAD IN VIEW.

8 UNDER CALIFORNIA'S SYSTEM, JUDGES ARE NOT FREE TO EXERCISE THEIR "DISCRETION TO
9 SELECT A SPECIFIC SENTENCE WITHIN DEFINE RANGE." (Ibid.) CALIFORNIA'S LEGISLATURE
0 HAS ADOPTED SENTENCING TRAIDS, THREE FIXED SENTENCES WITH NO RANGES BETWEEN THEM.
1 CUNNINGHAM SENTENCING JUDGE HAD NO DISCRETION TO SELECT A SENTENCE WITHIN A RANGE
2 OF 6 TO 16 YEARS, BUT HAD TO IMPOSE 12 YEARS, NOTHING LESS AND NOTHING MORE, UNLESS
3 THE JUDGE FOUND FACTS ALLOWING A SENTENCE OF 6 TO 16 YEARS. HERE, PETITIONER'S
4 SENTENCING JUDGE HAD NO DISCRETION TO SELECT A UPPER TERM SENTENCE OF THREE YEARS
5 (DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS) BUT HAD TO IMPOSE THE MIDDLE TERM OF TWO YEARS (DOUBLE TO
6 FOUR YEARS). FACTFINDING TO ELEVATE PETITIONER'S SENTENCE TO THE UPPER TERM OF
7 THREE YEARS (DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS) WAS NOT FOUND BY A JURY BEYOND A REASONABLE
8 DOUBT STANDARD. THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT'S DECISION MAKE PLAIN, AND FALLS
9 WITHIN THE PROVINCE OF THE JURY EMPLOYING A "BEYOND-A-REASONABLE-DOUBT-STANDARD,
0 NOT THE BAILIWICK OF A JUDGE DETERMINATING WHERE THE PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE
1 LIES. THE BLACK COURT ATTEMPTED TO RESCUE THE DSL'S JUDICIAL FACTFINDING AUTHORITY
2 BY TYPING IT A REASONABLE CONSTRAINT, EQUIVALENT TO THE CONSTRAINT OPERATIVE IN THE
3 POST BOOKER FEDERAL SYSTEM. REASONABleness, HOWEVER, IS NOT THE TOUCHSTONE OF THE
4 SIXTH AMENDMENT ANALYSIS. THE REASONABleness REQUIREMENT BOOKER ANTICIPATE FOR THE
5 FEDERAL SYSTEM OPERATES WITHIN THE CONSTITUITIONAL CONSTRAINTS DELINEATED IN THE
6 UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT'S PRECEDENT, NOT AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR THOSE CONSTRIANTS.
7 BECAUSE THE DSL ALLOCATES TO JUDGES SOLE AUTHORITY TO FIND FACTS PERMITTING THE
8 IMPOSITION OF AN UPPER TERM SENTENCE, THE SYSTEM VIOLATES THE SIXTH AMENDMENT.

1 BOOKER'S REMEDY FOR THE FEDERAL GUIDELINES, IN SHORT, IS NOT A RECIPE FOR RENDERING
2 THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT'S SIXTH AMENDMENT CASE TOOTHLESS. AS TO ADJUSTMENT
3 OF CALIFORNIA'S SENTENCING SYSTEM IN LIGHT OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME RULING,
4 "[T]HE BALL...LIES IN THIS COURT". (BOOKER, 543 U.S. AT 265) SEVERAL STATES HAVE
5 ALREADY MODIFIED THEIR SYSTEM IN WAKE OF APPRENDI, BLAKELY AND CUNNINGHAM TO RETAIN
6 DETERMINATE SENTENCING, BY CALLING UPON THE JURY TO FIND ANY FACT NECESSARY TO THE
7 IMPOSITION OF AN ELEVATED SENTENCE. THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HAS REPEATEDLY
8 HELD THAT, UNDER THE SIXTH AMENDMENT, ANY FACT THAT EXPOSES A DEFENDANT TO GREATER
9 POTENTIAL SENTENCE MUST BE FOUND BY A JURY, NOT A JUDGE, AND ESTABLISHED BEYOND A
10 REASONABLE DOUBT, NOT MERELY BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE STANDARD. WHILE
11 THIS RULE IS ROOTED IN LONGSTANDING COMMON-LAW PRACTICE, ITS EXPLICIT STATEMENT IN
12 THE HIGH COURT RECENT DECISION IN JONES V. UNITED STATES, 526 U. S. 227, 119 S. Ct.
13 1215, 143 L.Ed. 2d 311 (1999) WHERE THE EXAMINATION OF THE SIXTH AMENDMENT
14 HISTORICAL AND DOCTRINAL FOUNDATIONS ARE RECOGNIZED THAT JUDICIAL FACTFINDING
15 OPERATING TO INCREASE A DEFENDANT'S OTHERWISE MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT POSED A GRAVE
16 CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTION. (Id. AT 239-252)

17 UNLESS THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT IS PREPARED TO OVERRULE ITS REMEDIAL
18 DECISION IN BOOKER, BLAKELY, AND CUNNINGHAM, THE CALIFORNIA SENTENCING SCHEME AT
19 ISSUE IN THIS CASE SHOULD BE HELD TO IN VIOLATION OF PETITIONER'S SIXTH AND
20 FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS.

VIII.

22 PETITIONER WAS DENIED HIS RIGHT UNDER THE SIXTH AMENDMENT OF THE
23 UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND ARTICLE I, SECTION 15 OF THE
24 CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION TO ADEQUATE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL WHEN
TRIAL COUNSEL FAILED TO OBJECT WHEN THE TRIAL COURT IMPOSED THE
UPPER TERM OF THREE YEARS DOUBLE TO SIX YEARS

25 1. INTRODUCTION

26 UNDER CALIFORNIA'S LAW, A DEFENDANT/PETITIONER IS NOT PERMITTED TO ARGUE ON
27 APPEAL (NOT PETITION) THAT A TRIAL COURT COMMITTED SENTENCING ERROR UNLESS DEFENSE
28 COUNSEL OBJECTS TO THE ALLEGED ERROR IN THE TRIAL COURT. (PEOPLE V. SCOTT (1994)

1 Cal. 4th 331, 349-356) THIS RULE APPLIES TO DISCRETIONARY SENTENCING CHOICES,
 2 INCLUDING STATING INAPPLICABLE REASONS FOR SENTENCING CHOICES, MISWEIGHING A
 3 SENTENCING FACTOR, FAILURE TO STATE A REASON FOR SENTENCE CHOICE, OR FAILURE TO
 4 GIVE A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF REASONS FOR SENTENCING CHOICE. (Id. AT P. 353) THE
 5 OBJECTION MUST BE SUFFICIENTLY SPECIFIC AND MEANINGFUL TO ALLOW THE TRIAL COURT TO
 6 CORRECT THE ERROR; AN OMNIBUS BOILERPLATE OBJECTION DOES NOT SUFFICE. (PEOPLE V.
 7 DESOITO (1997) 54 Cal. App. 4th 1, 4, 6-10) WHEN COUNSEL FAILS TO OBJECT TO THE
 8 SENTENCING ERROR, THE DEFENDANT/PETITIONER CAN ARGUE THAT THIS RESULTED IN
 9 INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL. (PEOPLE V. MINDER (1996) 46 Cal. App. 4th 1784,
 10 1792)

PETITIONER CONTENDS HE WAS DENIED HIS RIGHT TO ADEQUATE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL
 WHEN HIS' TRIAL COUNSEL FAILED TO OBJECT TO THE REASONS THE TRIAL COURT STATED OR
 FAILED TO STATE FOR IMPOSING THE UPPER TERM. PETITIONER BEGIN WITH A DISCUSSION OF
 THE WELL-SETTLED PRINCIPLES WHICH GOVERN A CONTENTION OF INADEQUATE ASSISTANCE OF
 COUNSEL.

2. GENERAL LEGAL PRINCIPLES

UNDER BOTH THE SIXTH AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND ARTICLE I,
 SECTION 15, OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION, A CRIMINAL DEFENDANT HAS THE RIGHT TO
 THE EFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL. THE ULTIMATE PURPOSE OF THIS RIGHT IS TO
 PROTECT THE DEFENDANT'S FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS TO A TRIAL THAT IS BOTH FAIR IN IT
 CONDUCT AND RELIABLE IN ITS CONDUCT AND/OR RESULT. CONSTRUED IN LIGHT OF ITS PURPOSE,
 THE RIGHT ENTITLES THE DEFENDANT NOT TO SOME BARE ASSISTANCE BUT RATHER TO EFFECTIVE
 ASSISTANCE. (PEOPLE V. LEDESMA (1987) 43 Cal. 3d 171, 215 (ORIGINAL ITALICS;
 CITATION OMITTED); ACCORD, In re CORDERO (1988) 46 Cal. 3d 161, 179-180) "THE RIGHT
 IS DENIED IF TRIAL CPUNSEL MAKES CRITICAL TACTICAL PRUDENT LAWYERS IN CRIMINAL CASES.
 THIS IS TRUE EVEN IF THE DECISIONS WERE FROM IGNORANCE OF THE LAW OR FACT." (SEE
PEOPLE V. POPE (1979) 23 Cal. 3d 412, 424)

IN In re JONES (1996) 13 Cal. 4th 552, 561-562, THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT

1 SUMMARIZED, AS FOLLOWS, THE PRINCIPLES, WHICH GOVERN A CLAIM OF INADEQUATE
2 ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL.

3 THE LEGAL PRINCIPLES RELEVANT TO PETITIONER'S CLAIMS ARE WELL SETTLED. TO
4 ESTABLISH INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL, A PETITIONER MUST DEMONSTRATE THE
5 (1) COUNSEL'S REPRESENTATION WAS DEFICIENT IN FAILING BELOW AN OBJECTIVE STANDARD
6 OF REASONABLENESS UNDER PREVAILING PROFESSIONAL NORMS, AND (2) COUNSEL'S DEFICIENT
7 REPRESENTATION SUBJECTED PETITIONER TO PREJUDICE, i.e. "THERE IS A REASONABLE
8 PROBABILITY THAT, BUT FOR COUNSEL FAILING TO OBJECT, THE RESULT WOULD HAVE BEEN
9 MORE FAVORABLE TO THE PETITIONER. (STRICKLAND V. WASHINGTON (1984) 466 U.S. 668,
0 667 [80 L. Ed 2d 674, 693, 104 S. Ct. 2052]; In re WILSON (1992) 3 Cal. 4th 945,
1 950 [13 Cal. Rptr. 2d 269, 838 P. 2d 1222].) "A REASONABLE PROBABILITY IS A
2 PROBABILITY SUFFICIENT TO UNDERMINE CONFIDENCE IN THE OUTCOME." (STRICKLAND, Supra,
3 466 U.S. at P. 694 [80 L. Ed. 2d at P. 694-698]; In re NEELY (1993) 6 Cal. 4th 901,
4 908-909 [26 Cal. Rptr. 2d 203, 864 P. 2d 474.]

5 PETITIONER REVIEW OF COUNSEL'S PERFORMANCE IS A DEFERENTIAL ONE. (In re CORDERO
6 (1998) 46 Cal. 3d 161, 180 [249 Cal. Rptr. 342. 756 P. 3d 1370].) IT IS ALL TOO
7 TEMPTING FOR A DEFENDANT/PETITIONER TO SECOND GUESS COUNSEL'S ASSISTANCE AFTER
8 CONVICTION OR ADVERSE SENTENCE, AND IT IS ALL TOO EASY FOR A COURT, EXAMINING
9 COUNSEL'S DEFENSE AFTER IT HAS PROVED UNSUCCESSFUL, TO CONCLUDE THAT A PARTICULAR
1 ACT OR OMISSION OF COUNSEL WAS UNREASONABLE. A FAIR ASSESSMENT OF ATTORNEY
2 PERFORMANCE REQUIRES THAT EVERY EFFORT BE MADE TO ELIMINATE THE DISTORTING EFFECTS
3 OF HINDSIGHT, TO RECONSTRUCT THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF COUNSEL'S PERSPECTIVE AT THE TIME.
4 BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTIES INHERENT IN MAKING THE EVALUATION, A COURT MUST INDULGE
5 A STRONG PRESUMPTION THAT COUNSEL CONDUCT FALLS WITHIN WIDE RANGE OF REASONABLE
6 PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE; THAT IS, THE DEFENDANT/PETITIONER MUST OVERCOME THE
7 PRESUMPTION THAT, UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES, THE CHALLENGED ACTION "MIGHT BE CONSIDERED
8 SOUND COURT STRATEGY." (STRICKLAND V. WASHINGTON (1984) 466 U.S. 668, 689 [80 L.
9 Ed. 2d 674, 694-695, 104 S. Ct. 2052].)

HOWEVER, DEFERENTIAL SCRUTINY OF COUNSEL'S PERFORMANCE IS LIMITED IN EXTENT AND INDEED IN CERTAIN CASE MAY BE ALTOGETHER UNJUSTIFIED. '[D]EFERENCE IS NOT ABDICATION' [CITATION]; IT MUST NEVER BE USED TO INSULATED COUNSEL'S PERFORMANCE FROM MEANINGFUL SCRUTINY AND THEREBY AUTOMATICALLY VALIDATE CHALLENGED ACTS OR MISSION." (In re CORDERO, Supra, 46 Cal. 3d AT P. 180, QUOTING PEOPLE V. LEDESMA (1987) 43 Cal. 3d 171, 217.)"

ORDINARILY, CLAIMS OF INADEQUATE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL RELATE TO MATTERS CONCERNING TRIAL. HOWEVER, THE ADEQUACY OF COUNSEL'S PERFORMANCE IN OTHER SETTINGS ALSO CAN BE CHALLENGED. (SEE e.g., In re ALVERNAY (1992) 2 Cal. 4th 924 [INADEQUATE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL IN THE DECISION TO REJECT AN OFFERED PLEA BARGAIN].) ONE SUCH SETTING IS SENTENCING. (PEOPLE V. COTTON (1991) 230 Cal. App. 3d 1072, 1085-1087; PEOPLE V. CROPPER (1979) 89 Cal. App. 3d 716, 719-721.) THUS, A DEFENDANT/PETITIONER CAN ARGUE THAT TRIAL COUNSEL WAS INEFFECTIVE FOR FAILING TO OBJECT TO A SENTENCING ERROR. (PEOPLE V. MINDER, Supra, 47 Cal. App. 4th at 1792)

3. APPLICATION FOR THE FACTS OF THE LAW

THE TRIAL COURT EXERCISE OF SENTENCING DISCRETION MUST BE CHALLENGED IN THE TRIAL COURT. IN PEOPLE V. SCOTT (1994) 9 Cal. 4th 331, 353, THE SUPREME COURT STATED: "WE CONCLUDED THAT WAIVER DOCTRINE SHOULD APPLY TO CLAIMS INVOLVING THE TRIAL COURT FAILURE TO PROPERLY MAKE OR ARTICULATE ITS DISCRETIONARY SENTENCING CHOICES. INCLUDING IN THIS CATEGORY ARE CASES IN WHICH THE COURT STATED REASONS ALLEGEDLY DO NOT APPLY TO THE PARTICULAR CASE...." (Id.) A GENERALIZED OBJECTION WILL NOT SUFFICE. (PEOPLE V. DESOTO (1997) 54 Cal. App. 4th 1).

PETITIONER SUBMITS THAT REASONABLY COMPETENT COUNSEL WOULD HAVE OBJECTED TO THE COURT IMPOSING AN UPPER TERM SENTENCE. IT IS REASONABLY PROBABLE THAT THE RESULT WOULD HAVE BEEN DIFFERENT IF COUNSEL HAD OBJECTED. ALTHOUGH THE COURT IS REQUIRED TO IMPOSED SENTENCE IN A **LAWFUL MANNER**, TRIAL COUNSEL IS CHARGED WITH "UNDERSTANDING ADVOCATING, AND CLARIFYING PERMISSIBLE CHOICES AT THE SENTENCING HEARING." (SCOTT, Supra.)

Petitioner contends He did not receive effective assistance of Counsel by His Attorney's Failure to file A notice of APPEAL, nor to Object to His being Sentenced to the Upper term (doubled) nor did His Attorney File A motion to Strike the Prior Strike enhancement ¹⁷

His trial Counsel FAILED to file A statement in mitigation Prior to the Sentence Hearing

Thus His Attorney did not meet the STANDARDS set Forth in People v Pope, 23 CAL 3d 412, or J.S. v Decoaster, 487 F2d 1202 where it states:

"A defendant is entitled to the reasonably competent assistance of an attorney acting as his conscientious advocate" Id at pg 1202

further in People v Vest 43 CAL APP. 3d 728: the Court Declared "When a defense attorney fails... everything involved with his client's case... he has failed in his duty to his client and to the court.

Coles v. Payton, 389 F.2d. 224 states:

"Counsel SHALL PROMPTLY advise his client of his rights and take all action necessary to preserve them"

^{note 17} the sentencing judge (Judge William Mudd) was the first Judge to Strike Prior Strikes in Criminal cases (People v Rodriguez) (1996)

This Protection of His Rights, includes objecting to the Sentence And the denial of His Motion As well As the Filing of His Notice of Appeal And Informing Petitioner of His Right to Appeal.

U.S. v Decoster, Supra at pg 1202 makes it clear. "If counsels Failure to Perform those obligations, results in the Withdrawl of a crucial or Potentially Meritorious defense, the defendant Has Not Had the Assistance to which He is Entitled"

People v Wittington, 74 CAL APP 3d 806; In Re Sanders, 2 CAL 3d 1042. Go to the counsels, FAILURE to Perform ALL His Duty's denys His Client a Fair trial and ASSTANCE OF Counsel.

People v. Fair, 70 CAL 2d 588; People v McDowell, 69 CAL 2d 237: Set forth "Where the record shows counsel Has Failed in the manner of A diligent And Conscientious Advocate, the defendant HAS been denied Adequate ASSISTANCE OF Counsel"

IT must be APPARENT by the exhibits (Records transcripts) that there was A conflict of interest. THAT the Court Denied Petitioners motion

And that the matter should have been returned to the Court that took the Plea for Review.

Counsel's failure to object to the upper term and his failure to file a notice of appeal or to appeal the court's denial of his motion denied petitioner his right to appeal those actions and in effect denied him effective assistance of counsel.

The court of appeals denied, takes up that petitioner should have raised these issues on appeal and that petitioner's case was final.

He should not be penalized for the errors of his trial counsel and therefore

these

1 were there
2 REASONINGS, WHICH . . . BLATANTLY FLAWED. MOREOVER, . . . IS LIKELIHOOD THAT THE
3 OBJECTION WOULD HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL. WHILE IT IS TRUE THAT A SINGLE FACTOR IN
4 AGGRAVATION CAN SUPPORT IMPOSITION OF THE UPPER, UNDER THE INSTANT FACTS, IT IS NOT
5 ABSOLUTE THAT THE OBJECTION BY TRIAL COUNSEL WOULD HAVE BEEN FUTILE. (PEOPLE V.
6 KELLETT (1982) 134 Cal. App. 3d 949, 963.) THUS, TRIAL COUNSEL DEFICIENCY IN
7 FAILING TO OBJECT WAS PREJUDICIAL AS IT ADDED AN ADDITIONAL TWO (2) YEARS TO THIS
8 PETITIONER'S SENTENCE.

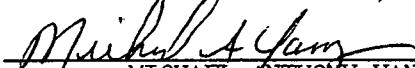
9 PETITIONER FURTHER ARTICULATES THAT THE RECORDS IN THIS CASE DOES NOT ESTABLISH
10 TRIAL COUNSEL'S AWARENESS OF SCOTT OR ITS LIMITATIONS, THUS, INVITING A CLAIM OF
11 INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE IF AN OTHERWISE MERITORIOUS OBJECTION WAS FOREGONE THROUGH
12 IGNORANCE.

13 CONCLUSION

14 PETITIONER CONTEND THAT THE TRIAL (LOWER COURT) DENIED RELIEF ENTITLED BASED ON
15 THE ASSUMPTION THAT PETITIONER PLEAD GUILTY ON AUGUST 29, 2003 MAKING PETITIONER'S
16 CASE FINAL BEFORE BLAKELY, BOOKER AND CUNNINGHAM WERE DECIDED. IT IS PETITIONER
17 POSITION THAT HE WAS NOT SENTENCED UNTIL FEBRUARY 20, 2004 WHICH CLEARLY DEMONSTRATE
18 THAT HIS CASE WAS NOT FINAL BEFORE BLAKELY. AS A MATTER OF FACTS BLAKELY WAS
19 DECIDED JUNE 24, 2004. PURSUANT TO THE SIXTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS PETITIONER
20 IS CLEARLY ENTITLED TO RELIEF UNDER THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT RULING IN ALL
21 CASES CITED HEREIN. PETITIONER INCORPORATE HERETO AS EXHIBIT "B" THE TRIAL COURT
22 DENIAL.

23 BASED ON THE FORGOING, PETITIONER'S SENTENCING SHOULD BE VACATED AND THIS COURT
24 ORDER AND/OR DIRECT THE TRIAL TO GENERATE A NEW ABSTRACT OF JUDGEMENT REFLECTING
25 THE PETITIONER'S SENTENCE AS TWO (2) YEARS DOUBLE TO FOUR (4) YEARS AND TWO (2)
26 ADDITION YEARS PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE SECTION §667.5(B) FOR TOTAL TERM OF SIX (6)
YEARS.

27 5/22/07 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

28 

MICHAEL ANTHONY YANCY
PETITIONER, IN PRO PER

Proof of Service by Mail

[Case Name and Court Number]

I declare that:

I am a resident of CALIFORNIA Rehab Center in the county of NORCO,

California. I am over the age of 18 years. My residence address is:

302 23-L, P.O. BOX 3535 NORCO CALIFORNIA 92860

On 12-27-2007, I served the attached Petition of Writ of Habeas Corpus on the United States District Court Central District in said case by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully paid, in the United States mail at Californian Rehab Center addressed as follows:

The United States District Court Central District
of California

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on 12-27-07 [date], at NORCO, California.

MICHAEL A. YANCY
[Type or Print Name]

michael A Yancy
[Signature]



SHERRI R. CARTER
District Court Executive
and Clerk of Court

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION
312 North Spring Street, Room G-8 Los Angeles, CA 90012
Tel: (213) 894-7984

SOUTHERN DIVISION
411 West Fourth Street, Suite 1053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516
(714) 338-4570

EASTERN DIVISION
3470 Twelfth Street, Room 134
Riverside, CA 92501
(951) 328-4450

Tuesday, January 08, 2008

MICHAEL YANCY H11683
CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER
302-23 LOW
NORCO, CA 92860

Dear Sir/Madam:

A Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was filed today on your behalf and assigned civil case number EDCV08- 16 FMC (FFM)

A Motion pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255, was filed today in criminal case number and also assigned the civil case number

Please refer to these case numbers in all future communications.

Please Address all correspondence to the attention of the Courtroom Deputy for:

District Court Judge _____

Magistrate Judge Frederick F. Mumm

at the following address:

U.S. District Court
312 N. Spring Street
Civil Section, Room G-8
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Ronald Reagan Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse
411 West Fourth St., Suite 1053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516
(714) 338-4750

U.S. District Court
3470 Twelfth Street
Room 134
Riverside, CA 92501

The Court must be notified within fifteen (15) days of any address change. If mail directed to your address of record is returned undelivered by the Post Office, and if the Court and opposing counsel are not notified in writing within fifteen (15) days thereafter of your current address, the Court may dismiss the case with or without prejudice for want of prosecution.

Very truly yours,

Clerk, U.S. District Court

LMURRAY
By: _____
Deputy Clerk



SHERRI R. CARTER
District Court Executive
and Clerk of Court

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION
312 North Spring Street, Room G-8 Los
Angeles, CA 90012
Tel: (213) 894-3535

SOUTHERN DIVISION
411 West Fourth Street, Suite 1053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516
(714) 338-4570

Tuesday, January 08, 2008

EASTERN DIVISION
3470 Twelfth Street, Room 134
Riverside, CA 92501
(951) 328-4450

MICHAEL YANCY H11683
CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER
302-23 LOW
NORCO, CA 92860

Dear Sir/Madam:

Your petition has been filed and assigned civil case number EDCV08- 16 FMC (FFM)

Upon the submission of your petition, it was noted that the following discrepancies exist:

- 1. You did not pay the appropriate filing fee of \$5.00. Submit a cashier's check, certified bank check, business or corporate check, government issued check, or money order drawn on a major American bank or the United States Postal Service payable to 'Clerk U.S. District Court'. If you are unable to pay the entire filing fee at this time, you must sign and complete this court's Prisoner's Declaration In Support of Request to Proceed In Forma Pauperis in its entirety. The Clerk's Office will also accept credit cards (Mastercard, Visa, Discover, American Express) for filing fees and miscellaneous fees. Credit card payments may be made at all payment windows where receipts are issued.
- 2. The Declaration in Support of Request to Proceed in Forma Pauperis is insufficient because:
 - (a) You did not sign your Declaration in Support of Request to Proceed in Forma Pauperis.
 - (b) Your Declaration in Support of Request to Proceed in Forma Pauperis was not completed in its entirety.
 - (c) You did not submit a Certificate of Prisoner's Funds completed and signed by an authorized officer at the prison.
 - (d) You did not use the correct form. You must submit this court's current Declaration in Support of Request to Proceed in Forma Pauperis.
 - (e) Other: _____

Enclosed you will find this court's current Prisoner's Declaration in Support of Request to Proceed in Forma Pauperis, which includes a Certificate of Funds in Prisoner's Account Form.

Sincerely,
Clerk, U.S. District Court
LMURRAY
By: _____
Deputy Clerk

FILED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		 CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIF. 2008 JAN 8 PM 2:03
MICHAEL YANCY PLAINTIFF(S) V. GULLERMINA HALL, WARDEN DEFENDANT(S)	CASE NUMBER EDCV08- 16 FMC (FFM)	
NOTICE OF REFERENCE TO A UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE (Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus)		

Pursuant to General Order 07-02, the within action has been assigned to the calendar of the Honorable Florence-Marie Cooper, U.S. District Judge. Pursuant to General Order 05-07, the within action is referred to U.S. Magistrate Judge Frederick F. Mumm, who is authorized to consider preliminary matters and conduct all further hearings as may be appropriate or necessary. Thereafter, unless the Magistrate Judge determines that an evidentiary hearing is required, the Magistrate Judge shall prepare a report and recommendation and file it with the Clerk of the Court which may include proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law where necessary or appropriate, and may include a proposed written order or judgment, which shall be mailed to the parties for objections.

Pleadings and all other matters to be called to the Magistrate Judge's attention shall be formally submitted through the Clerk of the Court.

The Court must be notified within fifteen (15) days of any address change. If mail directed by the clerk to your address of record is returned undelivered by the Post Office, and if the Court and opposing counsel are not notified in writing within fifteen (15) days thereafter of your current address, the Court may dismiss the petition with or without prejudice for want of prosecution.

Clerk, U.S. District Court

January 8, 2008

Date

By LMURRAY

Deputy Clerk

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE SECOND PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I (a) PLAINTIFFS

Michael Anthony Yancy

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF Riverside
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

2254	1903
FILING FEE PAID	
Yes	No
HPP MOTION FILED	
Yes	No
COPIES SENT TO	
Court	Pro Se
NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND	

Hall, et al

FILED

JAN 25 2008

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
BY DEPUTY

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)

Michael Anthony Yancy
PO Box 1841
Norco, CA 92860
H-11683

ATTORNEY(S) UNKNOWN

'08 CV 0163 JAH LSP

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question
(U.S. Government Not a Party)

2 U.S. Government Defendant 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT)
(For Diversity Cases Only)

	PT	DEF	PT	DEF	
Citizen of This State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

IV. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE US CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE. DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY).

28 U.S.C. 2254

V. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reappointment
<input type="checkbox"/> Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane	<input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust
<input type="checkbox"/> Miller Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking
<input type="checkbox"/> Negotiable Instrument	<input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	<input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc.
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability	PERSONAL PROPERTY	<input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud	<input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending	<input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark	<input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veterans Benefits	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle	<input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities Exchange
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders Suits	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (13958)	<input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury		<input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)	<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability			<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWV (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI	<input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation	<input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure	<input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 530 General	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	<input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations	<input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty	<input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice
<input type="checkbox"/> 240 Tort to Land	<input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare	<input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS - Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State
<input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights		<input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions
<input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property				

VI. ORIGIN (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

1 Original Proceeding 2 Removal from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from another district (specify) 6 Multidistrict Litigation 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

 CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER f.r.c.p. 23

DEMAND \$

Check YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: YES NO

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See Instructions): JUDGE

Docket Number

DATE 1/25/2008

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

R. Mellek